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CITY ITEMS.

Artificial Human Eyes.
Adjusted without pain, by Dr. Spencer, Dentist, 251 Penn street.

General Grant is Coming to this City.
The General may be here in a few days with his fast horse, that he may have an opportunity of driving the same on Fifth street, without being arrested, and also calling on some old friends, whose hoary locks have been restored to all their extant of youth by Tebbett's Physiological Hair Regenerator. The Regenerator never fails to restore gray, white and faded hair—prevent it from falling off, clean the scalp from dandruff and beautify the whole head. Try it. Sold by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at Dr. Keyser's, 119 Wood street.

New Arrival
Of canned Fruits and Vegetables, and will be sold as cheap as at any other house in either city. Call and examine and judge for yourselves, at No. 112 Federal street, Allegheny City. GEORGE BEAVER.

Also, Agent for the well-known house of Stephen F. Whitman's celebrated Philadelphia extra fine Cream "Bon Bons," "Chocolates," Almonds, Walnut Candy, Dragee Drops, &c., &c.

Kane & Druit,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, corner of Federal and Lacock streets, Allegheny. Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Patent Medicines, &c., kept constantly on hand. Proprietors of McCleland & Co's Rat Destroyer. Goods delivered free of charge.

Crowded Always.
The Continental Dining Saloon, next door to the Post-office, on Fifth street, is crowded daily and nightly with epicures. It is the best kept, best managed and most popular dining saloon in Pittsburgh.

Fit for a King.
Are the meals to be obtained only in such good style, at Holtkeimer's Continental Dining Rooms, next door to the Post office, Fifth street. Prices are most reasonable.

Best in Season.
Holtkeimer keeps the best of every thing in the market at his popular Continental Dining Saloon, Fifth street, next door to the Post office. Call in for a good meal.

Gents'
French Calf, custom made, hand sewed Boots, only $5.00, at the great closing sale, No. 69 Fifth street.

$1.75.
Will buy a pair of those splendid English Army Brogans at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Only Think!!
Gents' fine Calf (sewed) Boots worth $7.50, selling for $4.50, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

For
Ladies fine English Lasting Congress Gaiters, go to the Opera House Shoe Store.

You Can Buy
Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195

You Can Buy
5 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy
New Hope at Joseph S. Finch's.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Chief Justice Chase, on whom devolves the duty of nominating and recommending the registers in bankruptcy provided for in the Bankrupt Act, declines to assume the labor and responsibility of making the selections without submitting to the entire Court the question of the power of Congress to impose the duty upon him.

The Secretary of the Treasury and Treasurer Spinner both affirm that there is not the slightest evidence in the Treasury of any over issues either of seven-thirties, or of fractional currency.

H. J. Sullivan, who has been nominated as Minister to Bogota, has undergone scrutiny in the Senate as to his character, fitness, and even the identity akin to that which McGinnes, the nominee for the stockholm mission, suffered recently, and it is likely that Sullivan will meet with the fate of McGinnis—rejection. It is found that Sullivan is the lawyer who brought suit against a man for erecting a pole in the ground, as alleged in the lawyer's pleading.

There is excellent sleighing at Hartsburg and vicinity.

There is a break in the Atlantic cable in Ireland, but it is not known whether caused by the weather or the Fenians.

A considerable amount was subscribed to the Southern Relief Fund in the churches in New York city, on Sunday.

One of the best business blocks in Kokomo, Indiana, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Among other buildings destroyed was the Masonic Hall.

B. W. Foley, for the last sixteen years Mayor of Covington, Ky., died on Saturday.

Samuel W. Pilington, formerly of Culpeper county, Va., and grandson of General Washington's brother, Samuel, died at Delhi, Ohio, on Monday, aged eighty-one years.

St. Patrick's Day, at Cincinnati, was celebrated with enthusiasm. A regiment of Fenians, fully armed and equipped, paraded through the streets, and various societies turned out. At Toronto, (C. W.,) Bishop Lynch presided, and expressed pleasure that a procession had been abandoned. He said the Canadian was as free a government as any in the world, and he was confident no Irishman would fail to stand up for the Government if the necessity arose. At Buffalo, President Roberts and Senator Morrison addressed an audience at St. James' Hall. Money was subscribed, and about fifty young men enrolled themselves to cross the border with the Irish army.

The Chicago and San Francisco St. Patrick's Day was duly celebrated by the Irish population—in the latter city by a large civic demonstration, and in the former by a procession composed of Fenian military and the various Irish benevolent and *temperance* societies, numbering from 5,000 to 10,000 persons.

Dates from Vera Cruz to the 5th inst. and city of Mexico to the 21st ult., state that Maximilian was at Queretaro on about the 20th, at the head of about 9,000 men, with Miramon, Marquese and Mejia. The Liberal advance guard, under Escobedo, was thirteen miles distant, and the main army of 15,000 in close proximity. A battle was considered imminent. Vera Cruz was surrendered by Liberals, and will be captured by them as soon as the French embark. Maximilian was frequently attacked *en route* to Queretaro, and one of his personal staff killed. Escobedo executed 100 French prisoners.

At St. Louis, Sunday night, the wholesale dry goods house of Bogwell, Myer & Voorhees, was robbed of $3,000 worth of goods, principally silks.

At Alton, Illinois, the flouring mill of Church & Colley was burned on the 15th. Loss $12,000.

Soldiers carelessly losing carbines and revolvers hereafter will be charged $130 for the former and $50 for the latter.

At Savannah, Ga., yesterday, an assemblage of about 3,000 negroes was addressed by three white and five colored speakers on the subject of universal suffrage and the right to sit on juries.

It snowed heavily at Cairo yesterday afternoon, and at night was over two inches in depth.

The river at Nashville had fallen ten feet and is receding very rapidly.

The river at Memphis is forty three miles wide, in consequence of the flood. Laconia circle, protected by private levees, is still safe. These levees inclose eighteen thousand acres. The towns of Helena, Arkansas, and Friar's Point, Mississippi, are still submerged from four to fifteen feet, the families living in second stories and suffering great destitution.

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Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 65. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

(FIRST SESSION.)

The New Maryland Senator.

HIS LOYALTY DISCUSSED.

Supplementary Reconstruction Bill Further Considered.

WASHINGTON, March 18, 1867.

SENATE.

THE NEW MARYLAND SENATOR—HE IS CHARGED WITH DISLOYALTY.

Mr. JOHNSON presented the credentials of Phillip F. Thomas, Senator elect from Maryland for six years ending March 4th, 1873, and asked that they be read and Mr. Thomas sworn in. The credentials were read, when Mr. Howard moved they be referred to the Judiciary Committee, stating, in reply to a question from Mr. Johnson, that it was a matter of common rumor that the gentleman who was an applicant for admission to the senate sympathized with the rebellion in the late civil war.

Mr. JOHNSON did not know what rumor Mr. Howard referred to, but knew of no particular act of the Senator elect which had given aid and comfort to the rebels. Perhaps he referred to the statement on the floor, on the Senate on Saturday, that Mr. Thomas, while Secretary of the Treasury, had transferred a large amount of money from New York to Louisiana. That it might be there to assist rebels. He, (Mr. Johnson,) had mentioned that to his colleague, and was authorized to say there was not a word of truth in it. The transfers of funds he made while Secretary of the Treasury, in 1860, was effected by the $70,000 or $80,000 sent from New York to Washington to meet the necessary disbursement of the Treasury, and the whole of it was disbursed here. The only payment transferred by his orders was $40,000 or $100,000 from Arkansas to New Orleans, where it was all expended before the rebellion commenced, and he had always said in what he had stated of the character of the honorable gentleman, that his only offence was his devotion to the Union with which he knew him the most absolute confidence. It is possible Mr. Thomas might have supposed the war could have been avoided. He was not alone in that opinion. It was entertained by thousands in the loyal States.

Mr. HOWARD said his objection to Mr. Thomas was the language attributed to him in the speeches he made after the election. He was reported to have said that the North, if they failed to carry out by force its power to dissolve the Union by the war in which they failed, and were now attempting to destroy it by the reconstruction law (Mr. Howard) thought that a very unkind remark on the part of the applicant, if he made that remark. He must could be called strictly loyal and attached to the government of the United States, who held that the entire action of Congress in the prosecution of the late war to suppress the rebellion was an effort of Congress to dissolve the Union, then he (Mr. Howard) had lost, to a great degree, his knowledge of the force of language.

Mr. JOHNSON knew nothing of the speech to which Mr. Howard referred. He certainly did know was that in the letter accepting his nomination there would be found nothing inconsistent with his duties to the country.

The letter of Mr. Thomas was then sent to the Clerk's desk and read.

Mr. NYE said it was charmed by the loyal men of Maryland that the election of the Legislature by which Mr. Thomas had been elected was a palpable fraud upon the existing laws of Maryland. It was asserted by these Union men that they had a law standing on the statute book that proscribed all persons sympathizing with the rebellion from voting at their elections. At the last election that law was suspended, and persons of all kinds, the worst rebels among them, were permitted to vote, and by their votes a Legislature was elected that has sent the most unreconstructable gentleman to the senate for you to admit. If you were forced to leave from the fact that he could not concur in the act to reinforce Fort Sumter. He denied entirely the power of coercion.

Mr. TRUMBULL spoke at some length on the subject. He was opposed, in union as he was, to male rebels, to admitting traitors and enemies of the government as members of the Senate. He was in favor of receiving from the loyal men, but the objections to Mr. Thomas were sustained by nothing but rumors. No specific charge was made by any Senator against him. Mr. T. was certainly entitled to be sworn in unless there was something to overcome the *prima facie* case which was in his favor. If any senator could bring a specific charge against the applicant he would go as far as was necessary in making the investigation, but he understood Mr. Thomas was willing to take the oath required by law. If not, he ought to be admitted, unless there was a distinct charge made against him.

Mr. FESSENDEN said he was unwilling by his vote to establish so dangerous a precedent as to refuse to receive a Senator who came here with a power executive, and had been elected in pursuance of law, and against whom there was no specific charge or shadow of charge.

Mr. SHERMAN read from the letter of Mr. Thomas, resigning his office as Secretary of the Treasury, at Buchanan's Cabinet, in which Thomas says: "The United States has no power to collect the custom duties at the port of Charleston." This was an endorsement of the action of Secessionists, at least placed the applicant in an embarrassing position which required explanation but he would call attention to the speech of Mr. Thomas, to which reference had been made. In that speech the Senate was referred to as a body of men who always had been and were now traitors to the Union.

Mr. MORTON said the quotation he had just heard was sufficient to justify the enquiry. If what Mr. Thomas had said was not true, the converse of the proposition was true. If the senate was a body of traitors, Mr. Thomas was a loyal man; but if the Senate was not a body of traitors, then Mr. Thomas was a disloyal man.

Mr. SAULSBURY said the report of the speech of Mr. Thomas, from which this extract was read, appeared in the Baltimore *American*. He read the speech in the Baltimore *Gazette* and there was no such language attributed to the Speaker in that report.

After some further debate, the subject was, on motion of Mr. GRIMES, postponed until to-morrow.

MILITARY MATTERS.

Mr. HARLAN introduced a bill authorizing the payment of the First Iowa Cavalry. Referred to Military Committee.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN introduced a bill to confirm certain sales made by the direct tax Commissioner in South Carolina to persons in the army, navy and marine corps. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. WILSON reported from the Military Committee, a bill providing that the money appropriated to reimburse the State of West Virginia for war expenses shall be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of War, which was passed.

INDIAN TRIBES CONSOLIDATION.

Mr. POMEROY introduced a bill for the consolidation of the Indian tribes and the erection of a small territorial government for the Indians; also a joint resolution to authorize the commanding General to permit traders to remain at certain points. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

ARMS FOR TENNESSEE.

Mr. FOWLER called up the joint resolution directing the Secretary of War to furnish the State of Tennessee with arms and equipments for twenty-five thousand militia. Passed.

NEW MEXICO.

Mr. TRUMBULL called up the joint resolution to declare valid the laws of the Territory of New Mexico, passed during the session of 1866 and '67.

THE SUPPLEMENTARY BILL.

Mr. TRUMBULL called up the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill, the question being on concurrence in the House amendments to the Senate amendments.

The first amendment, which was of an unimportant character, was agreed to.

The second was to require a majority of all the registered voters, instead of, as by Senate bill, a majority of the votes cast, to adopt a State Constitution. After debate disagreed to—all against it.

The next amendment of the House, relating to punishment for swearing falsely under this act, was agreed to.

The bill now goes back to the House, and the question will be on receding from the amendment disagreed to by the Senate.

The Senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MEMBERS.

Two newly elected members from New Hampshire—Messrs. Eliot and Stevens, appeared and had the oath of office administered to them, and took their seats.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CHANDLER: To prevent infringement and frauds on patentes referred to the Committee on Patents. Also to establish a National School of Science.

By Mr. RANDALL: To authorize the issue of treasury notes not bearing interest to be used in providing a sinking fund for the extinguishment of the national debt. This is the same bill Mr. Randall reported last session.

By Mr. HOOPER: To amend the National Currency act; being the same bill reported by him December 12th.

By Mr. LAWRENCE, (Ohio): To define and punish certain crimes in reference to the qualification of jurors in certain cases.

To authorize the deposit of trust funds in the Treasury of the United States.

To protect the rights of action of loyal citizens, and repeal certain parts of the act of April 20th, 1799, for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States.

By Mr. WILLIAMS, (Indiana): To suspend the act of April 12th, 1866, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to cancel four million dollars of treasury notes monthly.

By Mr. DONNELLY: To amend the act granting lands to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri river to the Pacific Ocean, and granting lands to Minnesota to aid in improving the navigation of the Zumbro river.

To amend an act of July 26, 1866, granting lands to Kansas, to aid in constructing the Southern branch of the Union Pacific Railroad, from Fort Riley, Kansas, to Fort Smith, Kansas.

ORDNANCE MATTERS.

A concurrent resolution for a joint rule providing for the appointment of a joint Committee on Ordnance, to consist of three Senators and three Representatives, to which shall be referred all matters relating to ordnance, arms, small arms, &c. Adopted.

WEST POINT MANAGEMENT.

Mr. BINGHAM introduced a resolution authorizing the members of the last House on the Committee on Military Affairs, who are members of the present House, to proceed, during recess, to make investigation into the management and general administration of the West Point Military Academy, ordered during the last session.

THE FENIANS AND MEXICO.

On motion of Mr. BANKS, the President was requested to communicate information as to the result of the late trials of citizens of the United States, who were tried under charges of complicity in the so-called Fenian invasion of that Province; also, the latest official information received as to the withdrawal of the French troops from the Mexican Republic.

In reply to a question by Mr. FERNANDO WOOD, Mr. BINGHAM said the Committee on Foreign Affairs had had under consideration his (Mr. Wood's) resolution in regard to the British revolution; that other meetings would be had, and before the adjournment he would make a statement on that question.

RESOLUTIONS PRESENT RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

The Senate concurrent resolution to amend the nineteenth joint rule so as to prevent the sale or use of liquor in the Capitol building or grounds, adjourned over from Monday.

The Senate concurrent resolution relative to the investigation of the Treasury Department, which was laid on the table for retrenchment, was taken up, and after a short discussion agreed to.

SENATE SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

At 2.15 P. M. the Senate supplementary reconstruction bill was taken up.

Mr. WILSON, (Iowa,) from the Judiciary Committee, moved to amend the first section by adding to the prescribed oath a clause that the person proposing to vote has not been a member of any State Legislature, nor held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof.

Mr. NYE explained that in Virginia, and perhaps other Southern States, the oath to maintain the Constitution of the United States had not been for some years previous to the rebellion administered to State officers. The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, moved to amend the first section by striking out the clause requiring the vote cast to be at least one-half of all the registered voters voting on the question, and inserting in lieu thereof that this would leave the provision in that respect the same as when it passed the House.

On motion of Mr. SHELLABARGER, the word registered was prefixed to the word electors.

Mr. WILSON (Iowa) moved an amendment to the sixth section, by adding that any person knowingly taking and subscribing to the oath falsely shall be subject to all the pains and penalties of perjury.

Agreed to.

Mr. SHERMAN and others desired to offer amendments, but Mr. WILSON insisted on the previous question, and under its operation the supplementary amendments, as amended, were concurred in.

THE COIN OF RICHMOND BANKS.

The Senate amendment to the House joint resolution directing the coin redemption of Richmond banks on special deposit in the Treasury, was concurred in.

SWAMP LANDS IN IOWA.

Senate bill in relation to certain tracts of land in Burlington, Iowa. Passed.

Senate bill granting pay and mileage for the necessary survey for a ship canal between Lake Erie and Lake Ontario for military, naval and commercial purposes, was passed; yeas 38, nays 4.

Senate bill to amend the ninth section of the act of August 30th, 1852, providing for the better security of the lives of passengers on board steam vessels, was passed.

MARYLAND MATTERS.

Mr. THOMAS offered a resolution providing that the testimony taken by the Judiciary Committee of the last House, concerning the public affairs in Maryland, be referred to the committee of the present House, be committed to the Committee on Judiciary, with instructions to consider the inquiry, also to enquire whether the election in Maryland have a state Government republican in form and such as Congress can constitutionally, with the constitution, recognize and guarantee, which was agreed to.

SUSPENDING PAYMENT FOR SLAVES.

Mr. SCHENCK, under a suspension of the rules, introduced a bill to suspend the act pending all payments for slaves drafted or received as volunteers into the military service, which was passed.

DUTY ON UMBRELLAS, &c.

Mr. KELLY introduced a joint resolution fixing the duty on umbrellas, parasols, and sun shades of cotton, silk, or other textile materials, when made of silk, at no lower rate of duty that that now imposed on piece goods of silk, state per cent. ad valorem, and when made of other material than silk, fifty per cent. ad valorem, also, on wire spiral furniture springs two cents per pound, and fifteen per cent. ad valorem. The resolution was passed.

ASYLUM FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Mr. WILKINSON introduced a resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to turn over the United States property at Camp Chase, Ohio, for the use of the National Asylum for disabled soldiers and sailors.

INCREASING PAY OF EMPLOYEES.

Mr. FARNSWORTH introduced a joint resolution extending to employees in the 1st division of the National Currency Bureau in the Treasury Department, and the 1st clerk employed in the public buildings and grounds, the provisions of the twenty per cent additional compensation bill. Passed.

PROCEEDS OF CAPTURED PROPERTY.

Mr. WASHBURN (Wisconsin) introduced a joint resolution, reciting that the Secretary of the United States has now in his hands several millions of dollars, the proceeds of property captured during the rebellion, which might be disposed of in settling claims of alleged former owners thereof, without sanction of Congress, and that it is deemed proper that such claims should not be settled and paid without the approval of Congress, and therefore directing that the said proceeds be not disposed of by a warrant into the United States Treasury, only to be drawn out by authority of law. Passed.

COMMITTEE ANNOUNCED.

The SPEAKER announced the Committee on Public Expenditures as Messrs. Halsted, Broomall, (Pa.,) Hubbard, (Iowa,) Plants, Bromwell, (Ill.,) Coburn, Peters, Taber and Noell.

EXEMPTING WOOD PAPER FROM TAX.

Mr. BLAINE introduced a bill to exempt wrapping paper made from wood from internal tax. He explained that it was intended by the Conference Committee on the internal revenue bill of the last session to have exempted straw paper for wrapping paper from tax, and supposed it had been done; but, it appeared, wrapping paper from wood was not exempt.

Mr. GARFIELD suggested, also, to exempt wrapping paper made from corn stalks.

Mr. BLAINE accepted the modification.

Mr. JUDD proposed, also, to exempt ladders, but Mr. BLAINE objected as not being germain.

The bill passed and the House adjourned.

FROM CANADA.

No Fenian Demonstration Yet—Preparations for the Expected Raid—Discussion on American Invoices.

MONTREAL, March 18.—Although there is nothing on the frontier to indicate that as present, active preparations are being made to have troops in readiness to move active-ly to any point.

OTTAWA, March 18.—The discount on American invoices for the week was 25 per cent. The regular session for February was $700,000; expenditures, $300,000. Among the notices of application to Parliament is one for a charter to construct a railway from Niagara river to Detroit river.

FENIAN SPY ARRESTED.

TORONTO, March 18.—A Fenian spy was arrested on the suspension bridge on Saturday. He had been followed from this city by the detectives, who, on searching his satchel, found a plan of the city of Toronto and plans of all the banks and public buildings, a map of the Niagara frontier, a list of the judges who sentenced the Fenians at the different trials, of attorneys who prosecuted them, and witnesses who testified against them, and other document containing information of a similar character. He is said to be a relative of one of the convicted Fenians now in the penitentiary. He was brought to this city this morning. It is expected that there will be important developments at his trial.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Change of Military Commanders.

GEN. POPE RELIEVES GEN. THOMAS.

Appointments Confirmed and Rejected.

WASHINGTON, March 18, 1867.

CHANGE OF COMMANDERS.

General Pope is ordered to command the Third District, consisting of Georgia, Florida and Alabama, and General Thomas to command the Department of the Cumberland.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.

Five hundred and sixty-five dollars conscience money was received at the Treasury to-day.

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.

The Senate, in Executive session, to-day confirmed the following nominations:

Consuls—S. C. Montjoy, Lamboyegne, Peru; James R. Bond, Para, Brazil; C. Rittighing, Ancona; Duncan McPherson, Hobart Town; E. L. Louis, Ningpo; Lorenzo Dahl, Belgian Coast Ports; Arthur Bunker, Tampico; Charles Mayo, Chihuahua; A. Harriman, Galatz; C. E. Land, Cayenne; Henry Hedges, Aux Cayes; Thomas Miller, Gaspe Basin; C. E. E. Vin; J. Dudos, Ostend; G. C. Crane, Bogota; F. H. Bozier, Gothenburg; Thomas Howard, Bahia; Robert B. Peaslee, Manilla; A. N. Miller, Belize; H. J. Lockwood, Bergen; F. W. Behn, Messina; John W. Jones, Romney; J. M. Leonard, San Juan Del Sur.

Postmasters—Jos. Whitten, Columbus, Ind.; John C. Hanniman, Delphi, Ind.; C. F. Cedis, Madison, Ind.; George M. Lynd, Logansport, Ind.; Peter Dewitt, Detroit, Mich.; P. Lawrence, Mineral Point, Wis.; David McBride, Sparta, Wis.; Alonzo Heath, Hillsdale, Mich.; Smith Downs, Meridian, Miss.; J. Bowring, Wheeling, Va.; Jas. M. Boreman, Parkersburg, Va.; Mrs. Jane Gregg, Columbia, Mo.; S. J. Barnett, Warrensburg, Mo.

Supervising Inspector of Steamboats—John Ievlany, 7th district.

Collectors of Customs—Officers—Michael Field, St. Croix, Wis.; G. E. Porter, Kan chair, Wis.; George S. Metzgar, La Crosse, Wis.; Henry Hedges, Aux Cayes; Thomas Howard, Smith Reynolds, Wis.; W. G. Stewart, Sioux City, Iowa; Charles H. Richardson, Fort Bridge, Cal.; Joseph H. Bice, Humboldt, Cal.; Jno. Rose, Stephen H. Alban, Stevens Point, Wisconsin.

Receivers of Public Money—Almonso, Scott, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Wm. R. Smith, Iowa City, Iowa; Samuel S. Burton, La Crosse, Wis.; Henry Clay Williams, St. Clair, Wis.; Isaac Van Horn, Menasha, Wis.; Thomas Berkins, Maysville, Col.; Jas. Rowe, Chillicothe, O.; H. C. Burbank, St. Cloud, Minn.; W. H. Hitt, Humboldt, Cal.; Chas. Pomeroy, F. Dodge, Iowa.

Assessors of Internal Revenue.—Jacob S. Bloch, 8th district, Wis.; Geo. B. Bingham, 4th district, Mich.

United States Attorneys.—Jno. N. Nobles, eastern district, Mo.

Marshals—Brevet.—Brevet-Brig. Gen. Joh. J. Gleeson.

Collector of Internal Revenue—A. Head, Sixth District, Ohio.

Indian Agents—Louis M. Boos, for New Mexico; E. S. Stover, for Kansas; Albert Willey, Sac and Fox Indians.

NOMINATIONS REJECTED.

The Senate rejected the following nominations:

Postmasters—William W. River, Paris, Ill.; Peta Stevens, St. Joseph, Missouri; Hagerstown, Md.; Jno. Hall, Jr., Cincinnati, O.; S. H. Roberts, Brooklyn, New York.

Pension Agents—Fred. Knapp, New Orleans; Richard Bowen, Albany, Mo.

Receivers of Public Money—Francis A. Ryan, Menlenhaw, Wisconsin; Robert L. Tidmore, Decatur, Ala.

Register of Land Office—John W. Scaf, Humboldt, Kansas; John B. Barnett, Nebraska City, Nebraska; S. F. Chadwick, Beatrice, Neb.

Indian Agents—Robert S. Moore, Pawnees in Nebraska; Thomas R. Ward, for Omaha Agency.

Assessor Internal Revenue—Jas. Birney, Sixth District, Michigan.

FROM EUROPE.

The Eastern Question.

EGYPT'S DEMANDS ON TURKEY.

Cession of Candia to Greece.

IRON CLAD SENT TO LIVERPOOL.

Financial and Commercial.

AN IRON CLAD SENT TO LIVERPOOL.

LONDON, March 18.—*Noon.*—One of the iron clad ships of the fleet at Woolwich has been sent to Liverpool.

EGYPT AND TURKEY.

Dispatches from Constantinople report that the Sublime Porte shows a disposition to grant the demands of the Viceroy of Egypt.

PROPOSED CESSION OF CANDIA.

It is asserted that France, Austria and Russia have made a joint proposition to the Turkish Government for the cession of Candia to Greece.

SMALL NUMBER OF ARRIVALS.

LIVERPOOL, March 18.—There has been an unusually small number of arrivals at the British ports for two or three days past owing to the strong easterly gales.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, March 18.—*Noon.*—Consols 91 for money; 93¼, 93⅜ Illinois Central, 18; Erie, 39¾.

LONDON, March 18.—*Evening.*—Consols closed at 91 for money. The following were the closing quotations: 5-20s, 74½; Illinois Central, 93¾; Erie, 39¾.

LIVERPOOL, March 18.—*Evening.*—Cotton actively increasing; market closed firm; Middling Uplands, 12¾@13; Orleans, 13¾; sales 10,000; speculation and exports 2,000. Breadstuffs heavy and firm. Corn advanced 1s. 6d. per quarter for mixed Western. Provisions heavy. Lard, 58s. per cwt. Pork, 78s. Produce—Ashes, 33s. per cwt. for pots. Linseed Oil, £39 per ton. Petroleum; refined, 1s. 7d. per gallon.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY IN NEW YORK.

It is Patriotically Celebrated—Ten Thousand Men in Procession—A Riot on the Bridge—Number of the Police Wounded.

NEW YORK, March 18.—St. Patrick's day was quite patriotically celebrated by the Irish. With the exception of the unfortunate riot this afternoon, which the police, aided by the principal leaders, summarily squelched, everything passed off pleasantly. A large number of societies paraded, and in procession there participated thousands of men, headed by the 69th regiment. There were forty-four bands of music in the procession, which was reviewed by Mayor Hoffman, the members of Council, Mr. Maguire, of the British Parliament, and an immense crowd of spectators.

There was a large procession in Brooklyn, but we hear of no riot there.

The Knights of St. Patrick and other organizations are celebrating to-night by banquets, orations, &c.

THE RIOT.

During the passage of the procession of Irish societies to-day a truckman, in endeavoring to remove his team from the route, according to orders from the police, the members of one of the societies, deeming his motion too slow, made a serious attack on him. The police, on seeing the assault upon the truckman, when the Irish attacked them, drove them off. Being reinforced, the police endeavored to make some arrests, when they were attacked by large masses of Irish, who seriously wounded some fifteen of the officers. Larger reinforcements arriving to succor the police, the assailants withdrew.

Later in the day several of the rioters were taken out of the procession to the station houses.

The above took place in East Broadway. On the police arresting a rioter, two of the officers were badly injured. One of the Irish marshals, named Cook, was arrested in attempting to kill a policeman with a sword. Captain Heime of the police, was badly wounded. All sorts of weapons were used by the Irish, including bludgeons, clubs, swords, pistols, muskets, &c.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE—*The latest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

THE BUTLER COUNTY HOMICIDE.

Trial of John H. Addington for the Murder of Sidney B. Cunningham and James M. Teeples, at Porterville.

SATURDAY, March 16, 1867.

MORNING SESSION.

The attention of the Court was all morning occupied in the examination of Miss Maggie Newton and Lafayette Shafer. Nothing further was elicited save in corroborating the previous testimony. The prisoner is attended in Court by a sister and his wife, and an uncle who has just arrived. The great mass of testimony hitherto adduced has not strengthened the few points already made by the Commonwealth.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

William Cornett, sworn—I saw the defendant have a double edged butcher knife in his possession a short time before last fall election, at Mr. Pyle's house in Porterville; he had it in the inside of his vest; pulled it out, and showed it to me; the blade was five or six inches long one and a quarter broad; he held the handle in his hand; it was sharp pointed; he put it back into his vest; there was in the house; did not observe any peculiar make more than I thought it was made from a file; I saw some of the traces of what I took to be file marks.

George Boston, sworn—I live in Porterville; am a blacksmith; I don't know anything about defendant having a knife; never saw him have a knife; made several knives out of files and mill saws; would about half the time work on Saturday; Cunningham's store; Cunningham, and one to Abram Weaver; sold to Mr. Miles about a month second to Weaver about six weeks ago; one of these knives I left in my window; missed one of these in the fall about butchering time; I never sold or gave the defendant a knife; I have never seen him have a knife; I don't think one of them was made from a file; the marks cannot be hammered out.

James Foster was next sworn, but no new information was obtained, and the prosecution rested.

Fred. Bowder was next called and sworn. His testimony was to the effect that the deceased Cunningham took umbrage at some cant phrase which had passed between witness and Darwinian Marshall, and had left the room. He returned to the room. This occasioned the general row. This cant language had no application to defendant. Witness knew nothing affecting the aspect of the case.

Corbin Hodge sworn—I was at the party at the house of John Oliver; was sitting in the kitchen when I heard a noise; Cunningham ran to the room; saw Fred. Bowder down; some one helped him up; heard Mrs. William Oliver say, "Don't strike him in my house;" went into the room, from the dining room, when Cunningham passed him down; he struck at me; I struck at him; he struck at me the second time; Oliver struck Cunningham and they both met and struck a few blows; Oliver got Teeples best friend the north-west corner of the room; Oliver struck Cunningham; Teeples and Cunningham fighting; Teeples was getting the best of it; Cunningham backward; saw Teeples three times on the head; saw Teeples strike Cunningham; heard Mrs. James said, "Don't take it in the house;" heard the defendant say, "Let those—of a—," this was after the fight; heard Cunningham say, "Let me alone;" I was at that time; did not see him go away; I was about the middle of the room; Teeples struck first one strike; Cunningham after this about four feet from the door; Cunningham struck Teeples; Teeples could remember what he had told him he said he could, but it was too late now; Cunningham struck Teeples; Teeples struck him, this was the first place I saw Cunningham after he knocked Oliver down; Cunningham struck Teeples; Teeples struck him; Cunningham and his hands; he loosened my pants to unbind; I took him by the waistband and pulled him off; I could see him on my back; Cunningham struck me; I struck him

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 1867.

PREVAILING EMBARRASSMENTS.

The burden of commercial intelligence, from all parts of the country, is that business is stagnant and unprofitable. These concurring reports are not fictitious; but accord with substantial facts. Certainly this generation has not seen a spring season in which trade and manufactures were in so unsatisfactory a condition. Embarrassments press upon merchants and customers; millowners and work people. On neither side are these difficulties simulated. They are real; and what is worse, are likely to press with increased severity before permanent alleviation shall be obtained. The fact is, all kinds of business are in a state of transition. As in a fever of the body, this malady will run its course.

The war, and the unnatural expansion of the currency consequent thereon, stimulated unhealthily both supply and demand. Prices of labor and of all products thereof, went up correspondingly to the increased volume of paper money. Many individuals flattered themselves that the unprecedented gains they seemed to be making were all real and abiding. Nothing could be more fallacious. When the war ceased; when the huge armies were disbanded; when the extraordinary expenses of the government began to diminish; when the two millions of men, including both sections, who had been employed, directly or indirectly, in the work of destruction, again turned to the pursuits of peace; the self-healing tendencies of commerce began to disclose their vitality, and the premium on gold gradually went down. Nominal values commenced shrinking. Production and consumption—supply and demand—began to resume their normal relation to each other. A carefulness was manifested in making purchases. This became so marked as to produce a steady gain of supply upon demand. Dealers who laid in only ordinary stocks last fall found their shelves loaded at the end of winter. Many who laid in stocks on credit, or, which is the same thing, with the avails of bank discounts, have been compelled to ask extensions. A severe loss has fallen on producers and merchants on the stocks remaining unsold. Hence, in many departments, there is a curtailment of manufactures. A good many factories are either idle or running on short time. Several heavy manufactures have actually failed.

Another cause has contributed to the general depression. Internal taxation has severely burdened trade and manufactures, counteracting in many instances all or most of the protective effects of impost duties. This is a point the advocates of Free Trade are careful to keep out of view, while dilating upon the extent of protection afforded by the assessments made on foreign goods. The home manufacturers have endeavored to add the domestic taxation to the price of their wares, thus augmenting rates, and contributing to restrict consumption.

Congress has not hesitated to tax heavily. Neither has it refrained from squandering money with prodigality. This lavishness has prevented a reduction of taxation which would have afforded much relief all round.

The immediate aspect of affairs is not hopeful. The approximation to a specie basis will continue, whatever temporary fluctuations may occur. But little hope remains of soon obtaining such a revision of the Tariff as the welfare of productive industry demands. In addition to the steady opposition thereto of the Democratic party, a considerable and influential section of Republicans, formerly Democrats, stoutly protest against an increase of impost duties.

This question of prices, however, is more easily discussed than adjusted. It is highly complicated, and not amenable to the wills of the few or the many. There are inexorable laws by which it is regulated, and those laws will operate and produce their ultimate results, no matter who may oppose.

HOLD! ENOUGH!

In view of a disposition on the part of some members of the new Congress to unsettle the basis of Reconstruction determined upon by the late Congress, the Danville (Va.) *Register* says:

"We believe that, if let alone with the law as it now stands, the Southern States can and will work themselves out of the difficulties they are now surrounded with. They can remove the military, regain admission to Congress and secure permanent civil government. Let Congress only keep its own terms and carry out its implied promises, and the people will manage the rest. But if Congress means to be fickle as the idle winds, and if we are all to be kept in doubt as to what new legislation a day may bring forth, then we are deprived of all stimulus to perseverance and action."

Here is a strong flavor of common sense. The people of the South are entitled to know, once for all, what is demanded of them, and, having complied, ought promptly to be admitted to representation in Congress. This is the ground we have maintained from the beginning. It does not comport with the genius of our government—with the spirit of free institutions—to keep broad divisions of territory and large populations, either permanently or for extended periods, under military rule. A final pacification is required by the interests of all sections, all parties, and all classes. The Military Government Law is generally acquiesced in as sufficient, so far as relates to conditions. If imperfections exist therein as to methods, let the omission be supplied promptly; but let there be an end to fresh exactions, unless new and serious developments, which we do not anticipate, shall imperatively call for them.

So far, the Government and the loyal masses, whatever may be spitefully said to the contrary, have exhibited an unmatched moderation in dealing with the rebellion. Not one of the leading rebels has been executed for treason; no banishments have been enforced; few confiscations have been persisted in; and the disabilities prescribed attach to scarcely more than one man for each township that revolted. If anybody complains of this lenity, we do not. What the country demands is security, not vengeance. General Butler may think he concludes all argument and estops all appeal for feeding starving men and women by recalling the horrors of Southern prison pens; but we should be sorry to believe that Northern patriots and Christians allow revenge to so rankle in their breasts that, the fury of the conflict ended, they are ready to see thousands of their former foes perish of hunger and nakedness. The country needs repose. It is time to heal the hurts of the war, not to open them afresh; to strive to act together again as fellow-countrymen, instead of perpetuating old alienations and enmities. The South is evidently inclined to accept the conditions propounded. If it shall do so, by all means let the country have Peace.

THE WESTERN TRADE.

Yesterday the *Commercial* presented its readers with this paragraph of a Chicago letter to the New York *Tribune*:

"Chicago is making immense struggles to secure connection and trade with Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake and San Francisco by the Pacific Railroad. The Michigan Southern Railroad has built a depot for this purpose, the most extensive on this continent. There is no subject of greater importance to New York City than this. The interests of New York and Chicago are closely united. The struggle for the vast trade of the other side of America lies between two lines—one extending from Kansas City to Saint Louis, thence to Cincinnati and terminating at Baltimore and Philadelphia; the other from Omaha to Chicago, thence to Toledo and Detroit and terminating at New York and Boston. The interest at stake exceeds $1,000,000,000."

Thereupon our cotemporary proceeds wildly to denounce Philadelphia, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and the Pennsylvania Legislature.

Some months ago, on this question of Railroads to the Pacific, we presented these conjunctions—San Francisco, Chicago, New York—San Francisco, St. Louis, Philadelphia. This accurately represents the connection of interests. It will be seen, therefore, however much the statement may take our neighbor by surprise, that so far as relates to the central portions of this continent, of the Pacific slope, and of China and India, coming by way of San Francisco, there is a perfect identity of interest between Pittsburgh, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and Philadelphia.

Moreover, while disclaiming knowledge on the subject, we should not wonder if the bill recently passed by the Legislature to increase the capital stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was designed to enable Pittsburgh and Philadelphia to compete with New York and Chicago, to some degree, at least, for this vast traffic.

THE CHESTER COAL FIELDS.

Professor WATERHOUSE gives, in the last *Merchants' Magazine*, a particular account of these fields, of which much has lately been said in the St. Louis journals. They are located in Randolph, Jackson and Perry counties, Illinois. Eighteen thousand acres have been tested, and three stratas of coal found. The area examined is estimated to contain 450,000,000 tons. The mines are accessible and convenient, being only twelve miles from the Mississippi river, fifty miles from the iron mountain of Missouri, and seventy-two miles from St. Louis by river. A railroad from Chester to the mines is contemplated, connecting with the St. Louis and Cairo railroad, which has been surveyed. It will be twelve miles long.

The Chester coal is free from impurities, having less than one per cent. of sulphur and comparatively little bitumen. It has been tested in blast furnaces at Ironton, Ohio. It is claimed that this coal can be delivered on the banks of the Mississippi at $1.50 a ton, and at a St. Louis for $2.20 a ton, and that for the manufacture iron it does not require to be changed into coke.

THE Cleveland *Herald* thinks the Committee appointed by the Legislature of this State to investigate the affairs of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, is mainly to smell out why more oil goes to that city than to all the world beside. It becomes vehement, and exclaims:

"The Pennsylvanians talk about 'Penn-sylvania interests' being prejudiced by "outside interests." What are the facts? Oil lay in the Pennsylvania valleys for generations, known to the Pennsylvanians, but they made no other use of it than to grease their shins when they were bruised against the rocks that formed the staple of their farm products. When the value of the oil was at length discovered, the sage Pennamites were ready enough to take toll from the 'outside' men who risked their money and their labor in its development, but that was about the extent of their interest in the matter. Cleveland capital was among the first to be invested in the search for oil, and when the first discouraging blow was given, five or six years ago, Cleveland men were among the few that did not give up, but stuck to it until the tide set in once more and swept fortunes into the greasy laps of the Pennamites—fortunes due wholly to the enterprise of 'outside' people. Other cities have squandered more in bubble oil companies that never did, and never intended to, assist in the development of the oil product of Pennsylvania, but the record of Cleveland in connection with the actual oil product will put that of any Pennsylvania city to shame. Pennsylvania should blush to indulge in any fling against 'outside' interest."

As a piece of modest indignation that will do very well. But we conjecture all Clevelanders who have dipped deep into oil of late, rather wish they hadn't.

The Earthquake at Cephalonia—50,000 Persons Without Food or Shelter.

Further details of the damage done by the late earthquake has come to hand from Corfu. Oryostoli is completely destroyed. The whole lower part of the town, which was the finest and the richest, has disappeared—not a single house remains standing. In the center of the town the houses have also suffered to a great extent; most of them require to be built again. The only part saved was that lying against the mountain; but it is doubtful if that town, so flourishing a few days ago, will ever rise from its ruins. During the last few years, the cultivation of the Corinth raisin and olive have made great advances in the Island, and since the annexation to Greece, Oryostoli had become the principal centre of the raisin trade. During the last year 14,000,000 lbs. of that produce had left that port. Used to a life of comfort, the inhabitants of that doomed town are now without clothes—in fact, with no resources at all. A few wooden sheds have been built, but they can shelter only a few families; the mass of the Islanders are camped in the fields or under the trees. All the public buildings are in ruins. The bakeries have been destroyed, and, as in the midst of the prevailing consternation no one has the energy to construct field ovens, bread is almost wanted everywhere. The full extent of the disasters in the interior of the Island is not yet known, but it is certain that they are considerable. A great number of villages are in ruins, and two of them have been completely buried. The victims of those two villages are said to outnumber 500. In the town of Lixuri only, more than one hundred bodies have been discovered. In the whole Island more than 50,000 persons, at least, are without home and without food.

—In an article on horse-car thieves, the New York *World* says that an expert thief in this department has been known to "realize" at the rate of $600 to $700 a week for several weeks in succession during "good seasons," while "experts" who "earn" $50 or $60 a day are not uncommon. Robberies of large sums on the lines of our city railway, amounting to $800 or $1,000, are not unfrequent. The "treasures" usually "grafted," or robbed, consist of pocket books or watches, though breastpins and even packages are sometimes taken. The average value of car or stage robbery is estimated at or about $70, including the great and small, the year round.

—The London scientific journals are beginning to prophecy a playing out of the Atlantic Cable. The *Engineer* says, "we shall be astonished if two years pass without an interruption."

GENERAL NEWS.

—The commission to investigate the Fort Phil. Kearney massacre reached Omaha a few days since, and proceeded west immediately.

—A Chicago caterer has put cooking ranges into the sleeping cars that run out of that city, so that passengers may have a warm breakfast without leaving the cars.

—The city of Brooklyn is rapidly extending, in the direction of Prospect Ridge and the new Park, and the improvements in progress are of the most substantial character.

—Mrs. Betsey Baker, who braided, when twelve years old, the first straw bonnet in the United States, having as a model and guide only a bonnet imported from England, died at West Dedham, Mass., Sunday week, aged 88.

—General J. W. Singleton, a noted politician of Illinois, has just recovered a valuable cane that was stolen from him eighteen years ago. It was found in Leavenworth, whither it had travelled from hand to hand, and by leisurely stages.

—Judge Dickson, of Ohio, in a recent letter, says: "I once asked Mr. Lincoln what was the secret of his power as a public speaker. He answered: 'I always assume that my audience are wiser than I am, and I say the most sensible thing I can to them, and I never found that they did not understand me.'"

—A Russian general of artillery has just died, after having deposited in the Bank of St. Petersburg a sum of £8000, to remain at interest until the year 1925, the anniversary of the death of the Emperor Alexander I, and then to be given to the author of the best history of that sovereign. The sum will amount to £384,000.

—M. Molin's electric boat is to be tried in the grand basin of the Tuileries. Its inventor hopes to prove that electricity, as a motive power, possesses many qualities superior to steam; and should the success of this experiment be demonstrated, M. Molin will be intrusted with the application of his discovery to a large vessel.

—In the streets of Greencastle, Indiana, last week, a lawyer named J. A. Scott was attacked by an Amazon named Mrs. Ward, who charged him with slander, and, having destroyed his eyes by throwing vitriol in them, gave him a public cowhiding, her brother meantime holding a revolver at his head. The people regard the lawyer as innocent, and the woman as a brute.

—A duchess in Paris, whose infant had, when newly born, been sent into the country to nurse, recently sent for the boy, when he was four years old. Walking out with the little fellow she was amazed to hear him exclaim: "There, mamma, is a good house," and running from her into the courtyard he took off his cap and began to sing. The unfortunate little duke had been trained by his nurse to beg as a ballad singer.

WHENEVER YOU ARE DYSPEPTIC.

For Cholera Morbus and Dysentery, and for the speedy cure of any kind of disorder that originates or proceeds from a disordered state of the STOMACH and BOWELS,

Give ear, all ye people, 'tis truthful and sure,
No medicine equals DR. S'S WORLD'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

Indigos Ion and Dyspepsia yield at once to its power;
Sick headache, sick stomach is less than an hour.

Debilitated weakness, no appetite, no life,
No desire to talk or in the world's battle strive,
You'll find in using DR. S'S DYSPEPSIA CURE all,
I truly submit "good cheer" and "lively relief."

We promise you all, upon our honor, our name,
To cure the worst case of dyspepsia ever known in nature,
No good for dyspepsia was ever known so sure,
Which struggles and smiles by Cole's Dyspepsia Cure.

Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity, JOHN FLEMING, Druggist, No. 84 Market street. mh 8

What Swayne's Ointment Will Do.

1—It will cure Itch in from 48 to 48 hours.
2—It will cure the most malignant cases of Tetter.
3—It will cure Chronic Erysipelas of the face.
4—It will cure Salt Rheum, Scald Head.
5—It will cure Herpetic Vices, All Eruptions.
6—It will positively cure any and all Humors.
7—Use SWAYNE'S OINTMENT and accept no more.

"ITCH," *Dr. Swayne's Ointment*, "TETTER"
"ITCH," *Dr. Swayne's Ointment*, "TETTER"
"ITCH," NEVER KNOWN "TETTER"
"ITCH," TO FAIL. "TETTER"
"ITCH," "TETTER"
"ITCH." "TETTER"

Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by M'CLARRAN & M'KENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market st., Pittsburgh; TORRENCE, cor. 4th and Market streets, Philadelphia; KNOX & DEDLEY, Allegheny. mh20-2w*TTS

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION.

HOW TO EFFECT A CERTAIN AND PERMANENT CURE.—Some occupations of life predispose to Costiveness, especially those which allow but little exercise. Persons who contract this unfortunate habit of body, under such circumstances, might possibly be relieved by changing their sedentary employments for others of a more active kind; but this is frequently impossible. Habitual constipation is a very obstinate disorder. All the ordinary so-called remedies invariably aggravate it. Nothing can be more unphilosophical than the continued use of strong purgatives. They at first irritate, and finally almost paralyze the bowels—rendering them more torpid than ever—more obstinate of relief. Medicines operate upon them. A mild aperient, combined with a gentle tonic, is wanted, and this is found in sixty hours. A compound in the happiest proportion of those ingredients, is found in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This famous stomachic invigorates the whole intestinal canal, while it quickly removes from its convolutions all impediments to a free passage through them. No mere purgative has this double operation. No ordinary cathartic effects it. Hence, in cases of Constipation abandoned as hopeless by distinguished medical men, have been cured in a few weeks by the Bitters. To those who have tried all the medicines of the dispensary in vain, we say, try the alvine-tonic, and be cured. There is no sufficient reason why Constipation should be the consequence of sedentary habits. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS supplying the vigor which would otherwise be derived from exercise, will in all cases enable the system to perform its excretory functions regularly and healthily.

THE INDIANS AND THE WHITE PINE.

Although long known to the aborigines of America, Dr. George W. Swett, of Boston, has brought into shape for convenient use, a most valuable preparation called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which for a number of years has given great satisfaction in the cure of all those ailments dependent on an inflamed or irritated condition of the mucous membranes of the animal organism. *For gravel, diabetes, dropsy, chronic bronchitis, nasal catarrh, constipation,* when depending on a debilitated state of the intestines, it is one of the most valuable discoveries ever made, and when used in pharmaceutical medicine it is likewise a most valuable compound for diseases of the kidneys and bladder generally, as any one can satisfy himself upon a single trial. Every one knows the healing virtue of the white pine for sores and ulcers, but Dr. Swett has once to work and prepared from the sweet inside bark of that valuable tree a compound that will work every individual where the pine would be valuable. It is confidently recommended for the following ailments, viz:

Diarrhœa in young or middle aged people;
Diarrhœa in old people;
Stoppage of the Urine;
The same difficulty in children during the night;
Gravel, Kidney Trouble in old people;
Ulcerated Kidneys, Deranged Bladder;
Discharge of mucus or pus, or blood from the bladder;
Bright's Disease of the Kidneys;
Pain in the Kidneys or small of the Back;
Pain in the Bladder, Heat and Scalding;
Ask for POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at Dr. Keyser's great medicine store, 69 Wood street. mh18-6w

Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity, JOHN FLEMING, Druggist, No. 84 Market street. mh 8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals for the erection of the SECOND METHODIST CHURCH EDIFICE, Allegheny City, will be received up to the 29th inst.

Plans and specifications can be seen at No. 184 Rebecca street, Allegheny.

J. F. CROWTHER,
mh19w2tl Church Building Committee.

THOS. M. BAYNE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 87 Fifth Street,

mh20w2TT PITTSBURGH, PA.

REMOVAL.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Have removed their office to No. 12, CORNER OF FIRST AND SMITHFIELD STREETS.

mh21-w2

LACE CURTAINS,

NOTTINGHAM LACE,

Vestibule Lace, Gilt Cornices,

NEW PATTERNS JUST RECEIVED.

BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

26 Fifth Street,

mh19

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.)
Corner Fourth & Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits

SPRING STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WHOLESALE,

At Greatly Reduced Prices,

AT

GEORGE F. KNOTT'S,

No. 100 FOURTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

FACTORY, Nos. 30, 32, 34, 36 and 38, HUDSON STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

mh19w2

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,

(Successors to R. R. BULGER, Agent.)

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE

Of Every Description.

SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

WM. J. MYERS. WM. C. HOPPER. G. A. MYERS.

mh20-w2w

NEW STRIPED AND PLAID

POPLINS,

Just received at the store of

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 67 Market Street,

(West side, next door to the sign of THE BIG BOOT.)

PLAID POPLINS AND STRIPED;
PLAIN POPLINS;
FANCY SILKS;
PLAIN BLACK SILKS;
MOURNING SILKS;
SILKS FOR EVENING DRESSES;
GRENDINE ROBES.

A large assortment of new and beautiful

DRESS GOODS,

Just Received,

No. 87,

NEXT DOOR TO THE SIGN OF THE "BIG BOOT."

mh19

CURRY INSTITUTE,

No's 52 and 54 St. Clair St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

SUMMER TERM OPENS 8TH OF APRIL, CLOSES 8TH OF JUNE.

His institution, as now organized, embraces four separate departments for the accommodation of students of both sexes, viz:

I. A NORMAL DEPARTMENT, for the education and training of pupils of both sexes who wish to obtain a good English education as a means of a more practical business life, or to prepare for the profession of TEACHING.

II. A SCIENTIFIC DEPARTMENT, for the education of pupils of both sexes who wish to obtain a good English education as a means of a more practical business life, or to prepare for the profession of TEACHING.

III. A CLASSICAL DEPARTMENT, for the education of Young Ladies who wish to take an advanced course. The studies of this department include those of the Scientific department, and the languages.

IV. A PRIMARY DEPARTMENT, for the education of pupils of both sexes, who wish to study the Latin and the Greek Languages and the Literature of each.

RESOLUTION TO OPEN NORTH CANAL STREET.

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That the street known as North Canal street, from Ohio street to Perrysville avenue, be, and the same is hereby opened, and that A. C. Reineman, Jacob Negley, and Thomas Buford, freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages to the owners of the property affected by the opening of said street, according to the provisions of the Act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D. 1857, and that the City Clerk do forthwith notify them of their appointment.

Ordained and enacted into a law this, the 14th day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
Attest: D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of the Select Council.

GEO. D. RIDDLE,
President of the Common Council.
Attest: SIMON DELVIN,
Clerk of the Common Council.

mh19

HOUSE AND LOT

In Manchester at Auction.

Will be sold on the premises, on

Saturday, March 23, at 3 O'Clock P. M.,

A FRAME HOUSE, of five rooms, attic and hall, nearly new. Lot 25 by 124 feet on Adams street, Manchester, being the property lately occupied by John Allen. Upset price $3,000.

TERMS—Cash.

A. LEGGATE,
mh20-3t AUCTIONEER.

FOR SALE.

A Fine Driving and Riding Horse,

FOR A GENTLEMAN OR LADY.

Inquire at PATTERSON'S STABLES, Third street, Or, DR. CLIFTON,
mh20-3t 137 Fourth st.

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY to buy the

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

mh18 P. C. DUFFY

BLOATER HERRING.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

EXTRA SMOKED HERRING,

Just received, and for sale by the box or dozen, at the Family Grocery Store of

mh18 A. A. RENSHAW.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with me JOHN R. BYERS and JOHN S. KNABLE in the Manufacture and dealing in Carbon Oil Lamps, Lamp Goods, Candelabra and all kinds of chandeliers. The business will be conducted as heretofore, under the firm, name and style of JOHN ROSS & CO.

JOHN ROSS.

—Will remove April 1st to No. 23 wood street.

mh 6, '67 w2

BOATING.—For Sale at the Boat House of the Ariel Barge Club, Baltimore, Md., a six oared SHELL BOAT, built by Chas. E. Kelly, of Greenpoint, L. I. In perfect order, and as good as new, having been used but eight times. It will be sold for $200. For further information apply to L. LEWIS, 37 Lexington street, Baltimore, Md. mh18, w2d

FINE FARM FOR SALE—Well improved and desirable in all respects, in a first class neighborhood. Contains 115 3-10 acres, located three miles north west of Salem, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.

DAVID STREET,
mh15w2S Salem, Columbiana Co., Ohio.

REMOVAL.—J. S. NEWMYER & CO., Commission Merchants and Dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain, have removed to

211 LIBERTY STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see their friends and customers. mh15

WINDOW SHADES.—Having received our spring stock of Shades we are now prepared to sell at the lowest cash prices, either wholesale or retail. The best assortment that can be found in the city. Also, a new style of shades just received. 54 Fifth street, and at No. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

J. & H. PHILLIPS.
mh14

RUBBER CLOTHING—such as Coats, Pants, Leggings, Boots, &c., of the best quality and warranted; also Oil Coats, Jackets, Overalls, &c., for sale at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail, at No. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

J. & H. PHILLIPS.
mh14

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—Having reduced our prices we can now offer cloths at eastern rates. A large stock on hand and desirable patterns, for sale, wholesale and retail, by J. & H. PHILLIPS,
mh14 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

ROLL BUTTER.—15 half bbls. prime fresh Roll Butter, just received and for sale by JOHN S. CANFIELD & SON,
mh18 151 and 153 1st street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOWARD & SHAFER,

ATTORNEYS,

No. 88 Diamond St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

mh20-w2d

JOHN PECK,

ORNAMENTAL

HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER,

92 Fourth Street,

One door from Wood, PITTSBURGH.

Always on hand a general assortment of Ladies' Wigs, Bands, Curls; Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, Scalps, Braids, Chains, Bracelets, &c.

A good price in cash will be given for Raw Hair.

Ladies' and gentlemen's hair-cutting done in the neatest manner. mh19-1y01

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of GILMORE, SIMPSON & CO., in the milling and other business, in the county of Allegheny, is THIS DAY DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

The undersigned, DAVID GILMORE, alone is authorized to using the name of the late firm in settling up all unsettled business and accounts. Office, at the mill, south Canal street, Allegheny City.

DAVID GILMORE,
JOHN A. SIMPSON,
W. J. McM'STEN.

March 14th, 1867. mh19-3TTHAS

HUGH M. BOLE.....HUNTER OBR.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

HUGH. M. BOLE & CO.,

Engine Builders,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.

CASTINGS, Light and Heavy, made to order on the shortest notice.

Corner of Point Alley and Duquesne Way, PITTSBURGH, PA.

mh7-w6

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until

FRIDAY, MARCH 22,

At 3 o'clock P. M., for furnishing the following supplies for the

Allegheny Water Works,

viz: All the four and six-inch WATER PIPE required for the current year. Also—All the four and six inch Stop Cocks, Fire Plugs and general castings, such as Sleeves, Elbows, Tees, &c., &c., required during the year.

The four inch pipe to be of a uniform thickness of 6-16ths of an inch, to weigh not less than 19 nor more than 21 pounds to the foot, including the bowl. The six inch pipe to be of a uniform thickness of ½ inch, to weigh not less than 30 nor more than 31 pounds to the foot, including the bowl. The pipe to stand a test of 300 pounds to the square inch, and to be tested in the press now at the Superintendent of the Water Works, and to be delivered at such times and places as he may direct. Separate bids will be required for each size of pipe. All castings to be of strong soft iron.

Also, bids will be received for what Coal over be required for the year 1867, for the Water Works, to be of the best quality of coal, and to be delivered in the yard of the Water Works.

Bids are also to be received for all the Fire Plug Boxes and 4 and 6 inch Stop Cock Boxes required during the year. Also, for all the Lead required for the same. Samples of the stop cocks, Fire Plugs and Boxes to be left at City Hall, on or before the 1st day of April next.

Bonds for the faithful performance of the contract will be required for the amount of $2,000 each.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. Bids to be endorsed "Proposals for Water Works" and addressed to

R. B. FRANCIS,
City Controller.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY, March 17, 1867. mh19-w2

AT EATON'S,

A New and Elegant Assortment

OF

EMBROIDERIES,

Lace Goods,

COLLARS AND CUFFS,

Linen Handkerchiefs,

EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS,

WHITE GOODS,

Infant's Robes and Waists,

LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS,

Paper Collars and Cuffs,

JUST RECEIVED AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

mh19-w2

PITTSBURGH

LIGHTNING ROD WORKS.

MUNSON'S COPPER TUBULAR

LIGHTNING RODS.

With Spiral Flanges.

This Rod has the power to carry off as much electricity as twenty common iron rods; it is the only Rod in the world which will not melt when struck by the electric fluid, as is proved by the fact that many of our Rods have been erected on nearly all the Public Buildings. It may be examined on the Lutheran Church at Johnstown; on the Disciples Church at New Castle; on Dr. Hardy's Residence, Hulsopple; on the residences of Esquire James Lawrence, Gilbert E. M. Fulton, McKeesport; Wm. Hooke, 151 Penn street; W. J. & S. Large, Stockbridgeville; Col. Wm. Miller, Port Perry; P. Baker, Neville Island; J. Lockhart Manor Station; Dr. Wm. Campbell; J. F. Muller, Freedom; Friend Hawkins, Baker-town, &c., &c. The Rod is recommended by all who want lightning rods wherever it is their duty, and in an experience of ten years we have never known an instance of damage to a building protected by it, while many instances occur every year of damage to buildings upon which iron rods have been erected; so most cable has this fact become in communities where attention is called to the subject, that we are almost daily called on to take down the iron rods and erect the Munson Copper Rod.

Price, 30 cents per foot and $3 for points on each rod. Our workmen will go to any part of the country without loss of time.

LOCKHART & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.
Duquesne Way, below Hand st. Bridge,
mh20-3TS&TH&TU-w PITTSBURGH, PA.

TEAS AND SUGARS.

GOOD COOKING SUGAR,	10	lbs. for	$1 00
" TABLE	"	8 "	" 1 00
EXTRA GOOD	"	7½ "	" 1 00
BEST EXTRA C	"	7 "	" 1 00

TEAS.

Another large lot of FRESH TEA, of last cargoes,

Direct from China and Japan,

For ships Constantine, Roslin Castle, J. B. Gresham, comprising everything GOOD AND CHEAP in the way of Teas. At about

20 Cents Below the Common Prices.

ARTHUR KIRK,

172 & 174 Federal street,

ALLEGHENY.

mh18-w2

FINE POCKET CUTLERY,

Fine Pocket Cutlery.

CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP!

New Patterns! New Patterns!

PITTSBURGH CUTLERY COMPANY,

OGDEN'S,

5-23 DISPATCH BUILDING.

FLOUR.—50 Bbls. Extra Family Flour, in store and for sale by FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
mh11 Corner Market and First Sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN INVALUABLE MEDICINE

FOR THE

PURIFYING OF THE BLOOD.

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

HUMOR DOCTOR,

A POSITIVE REMEDY

For All Kinds of Humors,

PARTICULARLY

ERYSIPELAS, NETTLE RASH, SALT RHEUM,

Scrofula, Carbuncles, Boils, and Piles.

It is very gratifying to say of this, or of any other medicine, "it is the very best remedy known." It is not always so easy to prove it. It is, however, exceedingly gratifying to the Proprietor of this medicine, that, while he declares to the public that this is a most wonderful and effective specific for Humors, as stated above, he has abundant proof at hand to sustain his statement.

For sixteen years the Humor Doctor has been manufactured and sold, and every year has increased the value of its reputation, and the amount of its sales. In New Hampshire, where it originated, no remedy for humors is so highly prized. An eminent physician (now an army surgeon) when practicing in New Hampshire, purchased between fifty and sixty gallons of it, during a period of two or three years, and used it in his practice. He has since then ordered it for the hospital where he was stationed. Other physicians have purchased it, and have used it in practice with great success. When the "proprietor lived in New Hampshire, he was offered numerous and wonderful cures which it effected. Though manufactured in large quantities, the purchasers had to wait for more to be made. In that region nearly every one was a doctor of Erysipelas or treated with—and they were cured! Erysipelas sores, or carbuncles, those ugly, painful sores, were entirely removed wherever the medicine was faithfully used. So it was with scrofula and salt rheum. The Humor Doctor cured them.

For the sake of showing what is thought of it, a few testimonial are here inserted:

Milton Gale, Esq., Boston.

I hereby certify that I was cured off and on with Boils for two years, covering them very much my little and other parts of my body. The suffering was intense. I endured it for a long while. Suffice it to say that I faithfully tried several of the most popular humor remedies, but without removing the affection. At length, by the earnest request of an intimate friend, I was induced to try Dr. J. W. Poland's Humor Doctor, and am very happy to attest that all my Boils were removed, and my health was restored to me. I found it also excellent for piles.

Boston, Jan. 14, 1856. MILTON GALE.

A. C. Wallace, Esq., Manchester, N. H.

DR. J. W. POLAND—Dear Sir: I very cheerfully give my testimony in favor of your Humor Doctor as an excellent remedy for humors. My own was an obstinate case of Salt Rheum, which for two years in the skin upon the inside of both my hands, and every day or two broke out with a fresh crop of blisters, which would run and break up, so that I was obliged to wear gloves in a while to avoid the disgust of my friends. The summer which I suffered me was probably a combination of Erysipelas and salt rheum. My general health was also poor. After using one bottle of your Humor Doctor I could perceive signs of helping. I continued to take the medicine until I was thoroughly cured. My hands are now free from humors, and to all appearances my whole system is clear of the disease which has been for several months. I used eight bottles before I felt safe to give it up entirely, but they cured me.

A. C. WALLACE.

Manchester, N. H. June 11, 1866.

Mrs. Wheeler Stoneham, Mass.

I very confidently and earnestly recommend Dr. J. W. Poland's Humor Doctor as an excellent remedy for humors, having been wonderfully benefited by it myself. My own case was of a very severe and painful character, for about two years the skin upon the inside of both my hands, and every day or two the surface was caked with sores and broken up, so that I was unable to use my hands for any kind of wet work, and was obliged to wear gloves in a while to avoid the disgust of my friends. The summer which I suffered me was probably a combination of Erysipelas and salt rheum. My general health was also poor. After using one bottle of your Humor Doctor I could perceive signs of helping. I continued to take the medicine until I was thoroughly cured. My hands are now free from humors, and to all appearances my whole system is clear of the disease which has been for several months. I used eight bottles before I felt safe to give it up entirely, but they cured me.

HARRIET WHEELER.

Mrs. Porter, Dover, N. H.

DOVER, N. H., July 22, 1865.

DR. POLAND—I received your letter inquiring as to the effect of your Humor Doctor in my case. In reply I say that I think it is the best medicine for that disease known. I tried it two years ago last spring, and it helped me from the stomach and cleared the head like the Humor Doctor. I felt as though I could hardly do enough to express my gratitude for the relief it gave. I believe that it may find its way to those who suffer as I did, and relieve them from the misery I endured. Some of my neighbors' families were there, or carry purchases, would try it for others, they would call for it. I believe it to be a valuable medicine.

I have used it for my family since its introduction, and for all humors in children, and have found it a sure cure.

I take pleasure in having my name appear in public, nor would make it so in any other account but to relieve the sufferer; but if the foregoing will be of any service to you or others public, you can make use of it. Yours,

MARY M. PORTER.

Much more might be stated in relation to this medicine, as contained in leaflets sold, but it is useless to do so. Manchester is known, and to the public generally. Mr. Hance, of Harrison's Square of Mr. Henry Hance, of Bellville, whose child was cured by it at his Room. Ask almost any person in Goffstown, and they will declare it to be just as they say it is, and in their own words by testimonials.

The Humor Doctor was formerly sold at 25 cents per bottle, but the cost of every ingredient composing it has gone up so enormously, that it has been found necessary to extremely five cents only, and that by composition.

The Humor Doctor is prepared at the New England Medicine Depot, by J. W. Poland & Co., French.

Sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere.

DEMAS BARNES & CO.,

mh20-w2 GENERAL AGENTS, New York.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

RETURN TICKETS $280 GOLD.

THE INMAN LINE

MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

Built Expressly for the Trade.

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF BOSTON,
CITY OF LONDON, CITY OF NEW YORK,
CITY OF WASHINGTON,

Sail from Pier 45, North River, N. Y.,

EVERY SATURDAY.

SPEED AND ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Price of First-Class Passage Payable in Gold.

New York to Liverpool $140; Round Trip $275
New York to London, 145; Round Trip, 285
New York to Paris, 165; Round Trip, 325

RETURN TICKETS GOOD FOR 12 MONTHS.

Return tickets via Liverpool, London, New Haven and Dieppe allow passengers to break the journey at either place.

For further information apply at the office of the Company, William Inman, Tower Building, 10 Water street, New

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

INVISIBLE

EMPRESS TRAIL SKIRT,

THE NEW SHAPE FOR

Spring, 1867,

IN

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING,)

S K I R T S,

The handsomest and most comfortable style yet introduced. SEE ALL PASS ON MANUFACTURES. Also, the New Sleeve in PARIS TRAILS. PRIDE OF THE WORLD, and TIP-TOP STYLES.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

AT WHOLESALE by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in Pittsburgh. Also, by Sole Owners of Patent and Exclusive Manufacture,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers Street,

mh16-wfwT NEW YORK.

NEW GOODS

OPENING DAILY.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

Are opening daily

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.

BRADLEY'S NEW INVISIBLE SKIRT for 1-67.
LADIES' MATINEE, BRODE and OPERA CLOAKS.
AGENTS' PIQUE AND PLAIN KIDS.
PATENT RE-VERSIBLES—for Ladies' only.
THE NEW FRENCH PAPER COLLARS and CUFFS are the latest novelty on paper.
BEST FRENCH WHALEBONE CORSETS—all sizes.
GUIPURE LACES—new styles.
BRAID GIMPS AND FRINGES.
NEW LACE COLLARS.

Dealers Supplied

AT

NEW YORK JOBBERS' PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

fe2

NEW GOODS! NEW HOUSE!

New House! New Goods!

WM. H. MILLER,

(Formerly of EATON, MACRUM & CO., late-ly of F. H. EATON'S.)

WILL OPEN

About the First of April,

AT

NO. 64 MARKET ST.,

WITH AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

Trimmings, Lace Goods, Embroideries, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery,

And all GOODS usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS TRIMMING AND Notion House.

mh13-s

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

JOSEPH HORNE'S & CO.'S.

We are now opening a large and well-selected stock of

SPRING GOODS

embracing all that is new and desirable, in

Dress Trimmings,
Bead Fringes, in White, Black and Amber,
Bead Trimmings,
Guipure and Cluney Lace,
Pointe and Applique Lace,
Lace and Crape Veils,
Berage, Grenadine and Tissue,
Hamburg Edge and Insertings.

A full line of LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS in Plain, Hemmed, Hemstitched, Embroidered and Lace, which we are offering at very low prices.
BUTTONS in great variety consisting of Jet, Silk, Velvet, Crochet & d Steel.
SILK TOWELS, at 45 cents each—something new.
Hoop Skirts, Corsets,
Nettie Belts Clasps,
Bead & Ribbons,
Flowers and Frames.
STRIPED SKIRTING in Black and Colors just received of choice patterns.
Fashionable Satchels and Traveling Bags.
Full line of GLOVES and HOSIERY.
UP STAIRS WHOLESALE ROOMS, up stairs, will a found well stocked with the goods which we offer to the trade at EASTERN PRICES.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

77 and 79 Market Street,

fe27

NEW SPRING GOODS.

We are just receiving a full and complete stock for our spring sales, consisting of
WHITE GOODS, Tucked Cambrics, Jaconets, Swiss Mulls, Barred and Plain Nainsooks, Victoria Lawns, Linens, Linen Cambric and Lawn, Tucked Cambric Skirting.
EMBROIDERIES full line Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Cambric Edgings and Insertings, Jaconet and Hamburg Flouncings, French Cambric Bands, Dimity Bands, Infants Embroidered Robes and Waists.
LACES, Real Point, and Applique Lace and Edgings, Valenciennes, Thread Cluny, Thread and Guipure Laces and Edgings, Ink Val. Laces, Edgings and Insertings.
HOSIERY, Ladies' and Misses' Plain and Applique, Thread, Cluny and Va. Trimed, Plain, Embroidered and Hemstitched Hose.
GLOVES, 4-4 BONNET RIBBONS, Trimming and Neck Ribbons.
FULL LINE ALEXANDRE KID GLOVES for Ladies, Gents and Misses.
CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS, all makes, Wanzer Pads, Hair Rolls, Coronet Bands, Nets, &c.
A FULL LINE GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.
COUNTRY DEALERS, and ALL who buy to sell again, will find in our Wholesale Department a good assortment, and as low as EASTERN PRICES

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street,

fe18

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 94 Wood St.,
Third house above Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HENRY REA, Jr.,
Flour, Grain and Produce
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
285 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FIRST ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 2 and 4 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Special attention given to the designing and building of Court Houses and public buildings. al251

FINANCIAL

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE LOAN.

PROPOSALS FOR A LOAN OF

$23,000,000.

AN ACT

To Create a Loan

FOR THE REDEMPTION OF

The Over-Due Bonds of the Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, The bonds of the Commonwealth, and certain certificates of indebtedness, amounting to twenty-three millions of dollars, have been over due and unpaid for some time past; *And Whereas*, It is desirable that the same should be paid, and withdrawn from the market: therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer be, and are hereby, authorized and empowered to borrow, on the faith of the Commonwealth, in such amounts and with such notice, (not less than forty days) as they may deem most expedient or the interests of the State, twenty-three millions of dollars, and issue certificates of loan or bonds of the Commonwealth for the same, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first of February and first of August, in the City of Philadelphia, which certificates of loan or bonds shall not be subject to any taxation whatever, for State, municipal or local purposes, and shall be payable as follows, namely: Five millions of dollars payable at any time after five years and within ten years; eight millions of dollars, payable at any time after ten years and within fifteen years, and ten millions of dollars at any time after fifteen years and within twenty-five and shall be signed by the Governor and State Treasurer, and countersigned by the Auditor General and registered in the books of the Auditor General, and to be transferable on the books of the Commonwealth, at the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia; the proceeds of the whole of which loan, including premiums, et cetera, received on the same, shall be applied to the payment of the bonds and or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 2. The bids for the said loan shall be opened in the presence of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer, and awarded to the highest bidder: *Provided*, That no certificate hereby authorized to be issued, shall be negotiated for less than its par value.

SEC. 3. The bonds of the State and certificates of indebtedness, now over due, shall be receivable in payment of the said loan, under such regulations as the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer may prescribe; and every bidder for the loan, now authorized to be issued, shall state in his bid whether the same is payable in cash or in the bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 4. That all trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, agents, treasurers, committees, or other persons, holding in a fiduciary capacity, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State or moneys, are hereby authorized to bid for the loan hereby authorized to be issued, and to surrender the bonds or certificates of loan held by them at the time of making such bid, and to receive the bonds authorized to be issued by this act.

SEC. 5. Any person or persons standing in the fiduciary capacity stated in the fourth section of this act, who may desire to invest money in their hands for the benefit of the trust, may, without any order of court, invest the same in the bonds authorized to be issued by this act, at a rate of premium not exceeding twenty per centum.

SEC. 6. That from and after the passage of this act, all the bonds of this Commonwealth shall be paid of in the order of their maturity.

SEC. 7. That all loans of this Commonwealth, not yet due, shall be exempt from State, municipal or local taxation, after the interest due February first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, shall have been paid.

SEC. 8. That all existing laws, or portions thereof, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

JOHN P. GLASS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
L. W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JOHN W. GEARY.

In accordance with the provision of the above act of Assembly, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Treasurer, in the city of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, until 12 o'clock, M., of the 1st day of April, A. D., 1867, to be endorsed as follows: "Proposals for Pennsylvania State Loan," Treasury Department, Harrisburg, Penna, U. S. A.

Bids will be received for $5,000,000, redimbursable in Five years and payable in Ten years; $8,000,000 reimbursable in Ten years and payable in Fifteen years; and $10,000,000 reimbursable in Fifteen years and payable in Twenty-Five years. The rate of interest to be either 3 or 6 per cent. per annum, which must be explicitly stated in the bid, and the bids most advantageous to the State will be accepted. No bid for less par will be considered. The bonds will be issued in sums of $50, and such higher sums as desired by the loaners, to be free from State, local and municipal taxes.

The over due bonds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will be received at par in payment of this loan, but bidders must state whether they intend to pay in cash or in the over due loans aforesaid.

No distinction will be made between bidders paying in cash or over-due loans.

JOHN W. GEARY,
Governor of Pennsylvania.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor General.
W. H. KEMBLE,
State Treasurer.

☞ N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above, unless authorized, will receive pay. fe8jt

The Pittsburgh Gazette

TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 1867.

The New Section of the Internal Revenue Law.

We are requested to publish the following sections of the new Internal Revenue Laws for information of whom it may concern:

SEC. 22. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of every person who empties or draws off, or causes to be emptied or drawn off, distilled spirits or other article subject by law to tax, from a cask, barrel, or package, bearing any of the marks or brands required by law, or marks intended for or purporting to be, or designed to have the effect of such marks, immediately upon such cask, barrel, or package being emptied, to efface and obliterate said marks or brands; and any person who shall violate this provision shall be liable to a penalty of ten dollars for each offence; and any such cask, barrel, or package, from which said marks are not so effaced and obliterated as herein required, shall be liable to forfeiture, and may be seized by any officer of internal revenue wherever found.

SEC. 23. *And be it further enacted*, That in case any bond under which any distilled spirits shall have been withdrawn from a bonded ware house is forfeited to the United, or fails to furnish or produce at the proper time the evidence required by law or regulation that the articles named in the bond were duly received and actually stored in the warehouse or district to which they were shipped, or by other means of the obligation, the obligors in the bond shall pay the total amount of duties upon the articles removed under the bond, together with fifty per centum upon that amount, to the collector of the district in which such bond is or may be given may forthwith distrain upon any property, real or personal, subject to distraint or seizure, belonging to said obligors, and in case no such property can be found, the collector shall immediately forward the bond to the United States district attorney for the proper suit, and no use of the breach of the obligation of any such bond shall be forthwith forwarded by the collector of the district to the Commission of Internal Revenue.

SEC. 72. *And be it further enacted*, That any person who shall sell, give away or otherwise dispose of, any empty cigar box or boxes which have been stamped, without first defacing or destroying such stamps, or shall refill any cigar box without first defacing or destroying such stamp, shall on conviction of either offence be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars or to imprisonment not exceeding sixty days or both, in the discretion of the court, with the costs of the trial, and it shall be lawful for any cigar inspector or revenue officer to destroy any empty cigar box upon which a cigar stamp shall be found.

Murder in Schuylkill County.

The Pottsville *Miners' Journal* of Saturday says: Yesterday afternoon about three o'clock Mr. William Littlehales, Superintendent of the Glen Carbon Coal Company, was murdered at a lonely portion of the road, near his residence at the Colliery, Glen Carbon, Cass township. He had driven from Pottsville at 1½ o'clock, in a sulky, and the assassins lay in ambush, expecting that he had with him a large amount of money to be used in paying the men at his colliery to-day. This is the day usually set for the money was left in Pottsville to be taken to the mines to-day. Mr. Littlehales had no money with him. One ball pierced his head, another his breast. He fell into the road from his shiky, dead, where the murderers searched his body, taking from it his revolver. Mr. Littlehales was about forty years of age. The perpetrators of the murder are unknown. The Coroner went out late yesterday afternoon to hold an inquest, and we have not learned any additional particulars.

This fresh murder, cold blooded and brutal, shows that there is in this county no protection for life or property from the hands of assassins that infest it. Measures should be adopted at once to establish a military post here for the protection of the people. The Legislature should act. Governor Geary has expressed his willingness to co-operate in any measures that will drive from our county the murderers and robbers who infest it, and who regard not the laws of man or God. We would, in view of this last terrible deed of blood, which has taken from our midst a most estimable citizen, suggest the calling of a public meeting to-day, to urge the need of a military post established in this county.

Disinfectants.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* has the following on a subject that will be of much importance again, just as soon as the present cold snap ends:

The English Lords of the Admiralty have ordered that the use of Burnett's disinfecting fluid (chloride of zinc) shall be discontinued in the Royal Navy, on account of several fatal cases of poisoning which have occurred from its accidental mixture with food. It has been discovered, however, that this fluid is not a disinfectant, but only a deodorizer. Carbolic acid is to be substituted. This we would refuse, however, is not readily obtainable in large quantities. For chamber or hospital use, one part of the acid should be diluted with twenty parts of water. Half a pint of this solution will be sufficient to disinfect the daily excretions of one person until they can be carried away. Among metallic salts, the sulphate of iron deserves the preference; it has indeed advantages over other disinfectants on account of its cheapness and its being readily obtained in any quantity. For the disinfection of cesspools, coarse charcoal has also been employed in this place, the salt must be added in concentrated solution until the odor of ammonia and sulphuretted hydrogen is completely removed, or until the contents of the pit, after stirring, have an acid reaction. For daily use the average quantity required for each person will be about an ounce daily. If the air is to be disinfected, the permanganate of potash (Condy's fluid,) is to be preferred, and especially for sick rooms. It is, also, of great value in destroying the foetor of expectorated matter in certain pulmonary diseases.

Heavy Robbery.

Mr. Valentine Klase, of Snydertown, Northumberland county, offers a reward of one hundred and fifty dollars for the recovery of five hundred dollars in gold stolen from him. Mr. Klase is not certain when the robbery was committed, but thinks it occurred on the night of the 28th of February, from the fact that on that night himself and wife slept without waking until late the following morning, which circumstance, so unusual, led them to suppose that they had been drugged by some narcotic. The money stolen consisted of eight $20 gold pieces, one of which was marked "V. K.," three $10 pieces, marked "M. K.," the remainder in pieces of $10, $5, $2.50, and $1, making in all five hundred dollars.

Attached.

In the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, Judge Stowe on the bench, six of the panel jurors failed to answer to their names, whereupon a fine of thirty dollars was imposed upon each and attachments placed in the hands of the sheriff to compel their attendance. The Courts cannot do business without jurors, and fines will be imposed after being regularly drawn and duly summoned, and thus discharge a duty required of American citizens, under the penalty. The names of those for whom attachments were issued as stated were: Andrew Harlupee, First ward, Thomas Kerr, Sixth ward, and Robert Plender, Nith ward, Pittsburgh; B. F. Painter, First ward, and Geo. Leyster, Fourth ward, Allegheny; and Geo. Case, Ohio township.

Public Halls.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says: A very beneficial act has recently been reported to the Massachusetts Legislature, which provides that the proprietors of public halls shall secure suitable and safe egress to protect life and limb in case of alarm or danger. If any proprietor of a hall shall fail, after being notified by the police sufficient passage-ways, the authorities may suspend the use of such hall, and if it is used contrary to the order, a fine not exceeding one hundred, and not exceeding five hundred dollars, shall be imposed. No subject demands legislation more urgently than the crowding of people in halls from which the modes of egress are narrow and cramped.

Petroleum Fuel.

We read, says the editor of the Journal of the Franklin Institute, very favorable accounts of the improvement lately made by Mr. C. J. Richardson in connection with this subject, which seems chiefly to consist in the introduction of steam among the ignited fluid, by just sufficient to feed and the heavier oils may be burned, and these, while burning, made to yield a much larger proportion of heat than can be obtained from the more volatile products. The convenience of a liquid fuel is, in many respects, very great, and if it can be brought within the requisite economic limits, would be very useful and important.

Broke a Carriage.—R. T. White, a livery stable keeper in Allegheny, made information yesterday befo e Alderman M'Masters, charging Daniel Steele, driver of car No 18, on the Manchester Passenger Railway, with malicious mischief. He alleges that Steele hired a carriage of him to go to Sharpsburg, and on starting for home, being drunk, went to work deliberately and kicked the windows and doors of the carriage to pieces, damaging the vehicle to the amount of seventy-five dollars. A warrant was issued.

Another Accident.—The Columbia *Journal* of Saturday says: Yesterday morning as the train made up at Steubenville to convey the passengers of the train disabled at Hanlin's station on Thursday evening, was passing the embankment six miles beyond Newark, a wheel of the baggage car broke and the car rolled down the embankment. The train suffered no other injury, and after a short delay steamed on to Columbia, arriving here at 11 o'clock A. M.

A Hardscrabbling Case.—Catherine Garrarty, Mary Ferguson and Bridget Owens live in Hardscrabble, and on Sunday got into a friendly fight. Catharine says that the other two attacked her, beat her about the head and face, and cut her face considerably. She accordingly made information for assault and battery before Alderman Lynch, and warrants were issued.

Released.—James Manning, committed to jail by Mayor McCarthy, for assault and battery on his wife, Sarah Manning, was yesterday released on bail. John Rohbecker, deserter from the United States army, was yesterday delivered by Warden White to a Sergeant, who is directed by Captain Dickey to transfer him to the rendezvous.

An Ungracious Family.

William Smith, an elderly man, who worked at blacksmithing in Allegheny, went home from work one evening several weeks ago and found it utterly deserted, every scrap of furniture being gone, and his wife, his daughter Mary Ann Shotts and her husband, John Shotts, having also disappeared. The old man was obliged to go a boarding, which he did. On February 20th he discovered that his fugitive family were keeping house in Manchester with his furniture and utensils, and also that his wife was almost barefooted. He went to Manchester and secured them out, partly to recover his own, and partly to give his wife some money. He was met at the door, as he stated, by John Shotts and his wife, who locked him in the house, gave him a severe beating, notwithstanding his wife's interference, and then threw him out into the street. He who so severely injured that he was confined to the house until yesterday, when he came before Alderman McMasters and made information against John and Mary Ann Shotts for larceny and assault and battery. Warrants were issued.

Taken Over.

The following prisoners, under sentence to the Western Penitentiary, were taken over yesterday by the Deputy Sheriff:

John Carpenter, larceny, one year.
John Campbell, larceny at the Great Western Iron Works, three years.
Abraham Reed, assault and battery with intent to kill, three years.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TERRIBLE CRASH.

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES FOR 30 DAYS. Many Goods LESS THAN FIRST COST.
Men's calf boots, tap sole, selling $6.50, reduced from $7.50.
Men's grain boots, water proof, selling $4.75, reduced from $5.50.
Men's grain boots, sewed, selling $4.50, reduced from $5.00.
Men's kip boots selling $3.25, reduced from $4.25.
Men's opera boots selling $4.75, reduced from $5.50.
Men's balmorals, top sole, selling $2.50, reduced from $3.25.
Ladies' fine balmorals, selling $2.25, reduced from $2.75
Men's balmorals, selling $3.00, reduced from $3.75
Ladies' fine balmorals, selling $2.00, reduced from $2.50
Ladies' fine balmorals, selling $1.50, reduced from $1.80
Children's " " " $1.00, " " $1.30
Misses' " " " $1.25, " " $1.60
Children's " " " $0.75, " " $1.00
Ladies' Freuch (fine) balmorals selling $2.75, reduced from $3.25.
Ladies' goat balmorals selling $1.75, reduced from $2.25
Ladies' fine goat balmorals, tip, selling $1.40, reduced from $2.00

ENTIRE STOCK AT GREAT REDUCTIONS
26 and 28 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.
W. B. CLAPP & CO.
fe22

COOKING STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO'S TRIUMPH

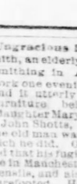
FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

No. 235 Liberty Street.

mh12-s19

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE" and applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a GENTLEMAN at MADRAS to his Brother a WORCESTER, May, 1851:
"LEA & PERRINS' are their SAUCE is highly esteemed here, and in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome SAUCE that is made."

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Sauce having caused numerous spurious imitations to be palmed upon the public, LEA & PERRINS are compelled to request particular attention to their WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER & BOTTLE, as all genuine bears their signatures, without which none is genuine.

Manufactured by LEA & PERRINS, Worcester.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK, AGENTS FOR THE U. S.
mh16-w4teod

THE MERCHANTS UNION

EXPRESS COMPANY,

CAPITAL, $20,000,000.

Owned and Operated by

Our Merchants and Manufacturers.

CARRIES BY EXPRESS, Money, Valuables, Freight and Parcels, over more than 13,000 miles of Express Line, at just and liberal rates, saves Millions yearly to Express Shippers, and can be made permanent only by their liberal patronage. This we hope to merit and receive.

Office, No. 145 Wood Street,
WM. LITTLE, Agent.
mh4-m55

NEW SPRING STYLES.

McCORD & CO.,

131 *WOOD STREET*,

Are now opening

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS,

At Very Low Prices.

mh9

HOLIDAY GOODS.

ALL KINDS OF BRONZE, GILT, CUT AND GLASS

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chandeliers,

Lamp Trimmings, &c.

Also WARRANTED NON-EXPLOSIVE CARBON OIL, wholesale and retail.

JOHN ROSS & CO.,
No. 64 Market Street.
J. LOUGHREY ..... ALEXANDER FREW.

LOUGHREY & FREW,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Saddles, Harness, Trunks,

and all articles in their line usually kept in first-class establishments.

No. 102 Wood Street,

(Between Diamond Alley and Fifth St.,)

PITTSBURGH.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,

Was Dissolved January 1st, 1867,

BY MUTUAL CONSENT,

A. M. MARSHALL disposing of his interest in said firm to the remaining partners, who will continue the business at the old stand, 114 and 115 WATER STREET.
A. M. MARSHALL,
E. M. FULTON,
H. L. BOLLMAN.
mh18-m13

THOMAS ROBERTS,

(Late of ROBERTS, BARNES & CO.)

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,

NO. 61 SMITHFIELD STREET,

near Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.

Has constantly on hand a general assortment of STOVES, Pipes, Japanned, Pressed and Block TIN WARE, Sheet Iron Cases, Cutlery Bosom Boards, Tea and House Furnishing Goods in general, which he will sell Wholesale and Retail. Prompt attention given to Roofing, Spouting, and all Kinds of Job Work. mar14-y66

ANDREW BEGGS,

DEALER IN

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS,

Hardware, Cutlery & Variety Goods,

No. 3 St. Clair Street 24 door from the Bridge,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Ammunition of all kinds always on hand. Guns and Pistols repaired. Scissors and Razors ground and set. Also, pocketknife blades inserted.

GEORGE BEAVEN,

Candy Manufacturer

And dealer in FOREIGN AND AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c., &c.,

No. 112 Federal Street,

Second door from the First National Bank, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA. ja31m2

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by bachal and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please enclose a post-paid envelope addressed to yourself.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
de9-y121 Station D, Bible House N. Y. City.

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Backs, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Roofs, &c., &c. Constantly on hand Stationary Boilers, Sheet Iron, Tubes, &c. Repairing done on the shortest notice. 1-65eal

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Heads, Spelter, Solder, Tinners' Copperas and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 140 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl4-m64-dwT

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Success ors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office: No. 13 corner First and Smithfield Sts.
☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. fa15-y62

☞ REMEDIAL INSTITUTE
FOR SPECIAL CASES,
No. 14 Bond Street, New York.

Full information, with the highest testimonials, also, a Book on Special Diseases. In a sealed envelope, sent free. ☞ Be sure and send for the book and you will not regret it, for, as advertising physicians are generally quacks, all persons of experience no stranger should be trusted. Enclose stamp for postage, and direct to DR. LAWRENCE, No. 14 Bond street, New York. fa15-y62

☞ THE GRAVEST MALADIES
OF YOUTH AND EARLIEST MANHOOD—HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 Bond St. The Physiology of the Passions, and the Errors, Abuses, and Diseases peculiar to the female sex, with Reports on new methods of treatment employed in the Institution. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address DR. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja7-y54-eod

MERCHANT TAILORS.

SPRING STOCK,

Now Receiving a LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

BOYS',
YOUTHS' AND
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

For the SPRING SEASON.

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

mh8-y67

HENRY G. HALE

NORTHWEST COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

JUST OPENED,

COMPRISING

All the Novelties of the Season,

Such as is only found in a

First-Class Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

mh8-m57

W. HESPENHEIDE,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 50 ST. CLAIR STREET.

NEW SPRING GOODS just opened. All latest and new style patterns got up in the latest Eastern styles. mh4-y39

AUCTION SALES.

CONFECTIONER'S STOCK OF

TOOLS, FINE SHOW CASES,

Counters, Shelving, Furniture,

DINING WARE, HORSES,

Harness and Wagons,

AT AUCTION.

The extensive stock of KINDER BLAIR'S Confectionery, Ice Cream and Dining Saloons, will be sold

On Wednesday, March 20th,

commencing at nine o'clock, and continuing from day to day until disposed of, including Special attention is directed to the Fine Furniture, Shelving, Show Cases and Jars, which are very fine; also, Counter Marble Top Tables, Cast Iron Tables, Extension and Card Tables, Divans, Hat and Washstands, Bureaus, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Oil Cloth, Wardrobes, Looking Glasses, Matting, Marble top Bureaus, Toilet Sets, Bedsteads, Bedding, Feather Beds, Mirrors, Crockery, Queensware, Glassware, Cutlery, Bath and Wash Tubs, Very large Cooking Stove, Gas and Anthracite Stoves, Metal Roofing, Gutters, Coffee and Tea Pewter Pots, Confectioners' and Bakers' Scales and Weights, Counter Scales, Barrels of Sugar, Syrup, two Horses, four Wagons, Harness, &c., &c. Terms at sale.

A. LEGATE,
Auctioneer.

mh15

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

STEINWAY PIANO, ONE HORSE BAROUCHE,

New shifting Top Buggy, Carpets, &c.

AT AUCTION,

On Saturday Morning, March 23d,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the residence of JESSE W. CARR, Esq., No. 20 Washington street, Allegheny City.

The entire parlor, library, dining room, chamber and kitchen furniture, all of which is nearly new, of the latest style, and selected with great care, consisting of elegant large mirrors, rosewood chairs, sofas, tables, piano, &c., hall, library and velvet carpets, Brussels and ingrain carpets, dining carpets, chamber carpets, hall, stair and entry oil cloths, Venetian blinds, one-horse buggy, nearly new, with top boot, &c., &c.

A list of the articles to be sold can be seen at No. 122 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

mh16-wtd JOHN D. BAILEY, Auctr.

VALUABLE BANK STOCKS, &c.—TUESDAY EVENING, March 26th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sale's Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:
13 shares Exchange National Bank.
50 shares Allegheny National Bank.
5 shares Second National Bank.
17 shares Bank of Pittsburgh.
50 shares Southern Insurance Co.
500 shares Marine Oil Co.
20 shares Iron City Oil Co.
100 shares Star Oil Co.
25 shares First National Bank;
40 shares First National Bank of Allegheny;
20 shares Bank of Commerce;
100 shares Triumph Oil Co.
mh18 A. McILWAINE, Auc'r.

DRUGGISTS.

GEORGE A. KELLY ..... R. M. KNODGRASS.

GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

37 Wood Street,

OPIUM, MORPHIA, QUININE, IODINE RESUB, | IODIDE POTASSUM, CHLORATE POTASH, BROM. POTASSIUM, NITRATE SILVER,

STANDARD CHEMICALS,

ja17

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

JAMES T. SAMPLE

HAVING BOUGHT THE WELL KNOWN DRUG HOUSE ON COR. FEDERAL AND ROBINSON STS., ALLEGHENY,

Will keep on hand a full assortment of all kinds of DRUGS,

And which will be sold cheaper than any other one in the two cities.
Prescriptions carefully prepared by a first-class druggist.
All kinds of PERFUMERY and FANCY SOAPS on hand. oc26

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

Pittsburgh White Lead Works,

PURE WHITE LEAD,

BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTING OIL BARRELS.

No. 67 Fourth Street, Up Stairs.

mh19-y72

CUTLET.—3 hhds. on steamer Julia No. 2, to arrive. For sale by
mh18 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of about 58 acres in Union Township, Allegheny county, Pa., situate about four miles from the city on the Washington Pike. The improvements are a large two story brick Dwelling House with 12 rooms, a two-story spring House, a Carriage House, a large Lumber House, a No. 1 Sheep Bank Barn, with stabling sufficient for 50 head of cattle. There is a fine Young Orchard, comprising about 12 acres, stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. It is all underlaid with coal. The land is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, fences good, and would suit admirably for dairy or gardening purposes.
Also, 17½ acres adjoining the above, with a good Frame House, Carriage House, good spring House and other out-buildings; with a good timbered in the bearing condition. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.
Also, 12 acres adjoining the above, unimproved, for sale low. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.
The above three pieces of property lie between the Little Saw Mill Run and Steubenville Railroads, and the coal can be reached easily from either road. The coal alone is worth all that is asked for the whole property.
Also Farm of 175 acres, situate in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., immediately on the line of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, 26 miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements are a two-story Frame House with 10 rooms and good cellar, a Frame Bank Barn, 60x80 feet, and other out-buildings. There is on the place a good young Apple Orchard; 125 acres cleared, balance in good timber; fencing good; property good, well watered; underlaid with coal and limestone; convenient to churches, mills, schools and blacksmith shops, together with the personal property such as stock implements, grain in the ground, &c., to be sold with the land immediately.
Also, a Farm of 147 acres, situated in Penn township, Westmoreland county, Pa., adjoining Grapeville Station, on Penn'a. Railroad, on which there is a good two story Frame Dwelling House with six Rooms, a Barn, Carriage House, and other farming buildings; an orchard of choice fruit trees; it is underlayed with coal. There is a salt Well on it in good order, producing 8 bbls. per day. This property is offered very cheap and on good terms.
Also, a Farm of 138 acres, situated in Conemaugh township, Indiana county, Pa., about 28 miles from the West Penn'a. Railroad, at Livermore Station. The improvements are a good Two Story Frame House, with Four Rooms, a double Brick and Log Barn, Spring House, &c. About 100 acres cleared, the residue in timber. There is a white oak, locust and chestnut. This farm will be sold very low. Also, 60 acres wild land. Possession immediately.
Also, a Farm of 74 acres, situated in Armstrong township, Indiana county, Pa., about 2 miles from Horner Station, on the Pittsburgh and Kittanning Railroad. The improvements are a good Two Story Brick Dwelling, with six Rooms, a cellar, a No. 1 Frame Bank Barn, 50x60, and a fine Apple Orchard with a variety of different fruits, also, a good Cider Press; fencing generally good; well watered. About 50 acres cleared. The balance is in good timber land, and a good six foot vein of coal under the whole farm. A portion of the purchase money will be taken for well located lands in Nebraska. This property, if sold before the 20th of March, will be sold at the low price of 25 dollars per acre. Possession on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1867.
Also, An excellent Farm of 160 acres, of which 95 acres are under cultivation, situate in Christian county, Illinois. Improvements are a large frame dwelling containing 8 rooms; about 400 choice fruit trees, good fencing, &c. It lies within 2 miles of the Illinois Central R. R. It will be sold on reasonable terms. City property taken in part exchange if desired.
Also, 10 Lots in southern Suburbs of Chicago, each 100 ft. by 136. In Kedzie's sub-division of lots. These lots lie one mile North of the Junction of the Louis and Alton and Michigan Southern R. Rs., and are on the line of the Fort Wayne and Chicago R. R., just 3 miles from the Court House, near the new Cattle Market. Will be sold for $50 each.
Also, a Farm or 321 acres in Penn township, Westmoreland county, Pa., 2 miles from and overlooking the Pennsylvania railroad depot at Jeannette; 200 acres of first-rate white oak and other timber, including house, 1 of them 2 stories, the other 1½ story, with a brick basement, with a first-rate Steam Sawmill in good running order; young orchard; never failing water; coal is rolling; every acre is tillable, with lime tone soil, and under cultivation, with new fencing within one hundred rods of the Penn'a railroad; 28 miles east of Pittsburgh, and three miles from Murrysville. This farm is very handsomely and eighty acres is underlaid with coal. The title is good.
Also, a Farm of 135 acres, situated in West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Pa., about 3 miles from Bolle station, on the Pennsylvania railroad. The improvements are, a good two-story Brick House, with rooms above, a large Bank Barn, and all other necessary out-buildings. Will be sold at the price very low, and on easy terms.
For further particulars, enquire of

G. H. TOWER,
Real Estate Agent, 104 Fourth street.
fe28

FOR SALE,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE,

AT SHADY SIDE,

On the PENNSYL

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

LOCAL NEWS ON FIRST AND THIRD PAGES

COURT REPORTS.

Oyer and Terminer, &c.

Before Hon. James P. Sterrett.

The Court met Monday morning at ten o'clock. The new panel of jurors was called over, a sufficient number answering to proceed with business.

CARELESS RIDING.

Joseph Kinney, colored, was enjoying a horseback ride on the 14th instant, and proved an indifferent horseman to such a degree as to ride upon one Robert Harvey, for which he was indicted for assault and battery. The jury found a verdict of guilty and he was sentenced to pay a fine of six and a fourth cents and the costs.

LARCENY OF TIMBER.

George Dickson *alias* Dissinger, convicted last week of the larceny of a buffalo robe and horse blanket, the property of Lockhart & Frew, was brought into Court and sentenced to three months imprisonment in the jail.

STEALING LUMBER.

Lawrence Huffnagle, and others, were indicted for the larceny of lumber, the property of William Nance. The defendant and Will iam Taylor, and some others, caught adrift in the Ohio river a portion of a lumber raft, composed of about twenty-five thousand feet of boards and a quantity of shingles, for which, upon being claimed by the owner Taylor demanded twenty-five dollars as compensation for catching the raft. The act of Assembly in the case made and provided allows as compensation fifteen cents per M. for twenty-four hours detention, &c., and requires five days' public notice to be given of the finding] Mr. Nance paid Taylor fifteen dollars with the understanding that the money was to be shared with Huffnagle. This understanding was disregarded. It appeared that Huffnagle, in order to secure himself, had taken from the raft a quantity of shingles, and concealed them in the cellar of his father's house, as he stated at the time he was indicted for larceny. Taylor was not present for trial, having skipped from the police officers, who pursued him as far as Smith's ferry. The jury were asked to consider whether Huffnagle had any felonious intent in what he did, if not, his action would amount to nothing more than a trespass, and a verdict of acquittal should be rendered. The jury did acquit, and Huffnagle was allowed to depart the Court without day.

STOLE A CHICKEN.

Alfred Smith was indicted for larceny. It seems that while sauntering through the Diamond Market he took from a stand a chicken valued at seventy cents, the property of Robert Barber, of Washington county. He was observed in the act and taken into custody. Verdict guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $15, and to thirty days imprisonment in jail.

LARGE BEER FIGHT.

Conrad Wagner, of Reserve township, was called to answer an indictment charging him with assault and battering Mary Agnes Meyer, on Feb. 11th, in Dieratein's lager beer hall. Mrs. Meyer testified: "He looked me in my eyes and then hit me" (describing a vigorous motion *a la* Morrissey.) It appeared that a dispute occurred about a tin horn belonging to the Meyer family, and which the defendant claimed, defendant from a boy for twenty-five cents. The assault and battery was alleged to have been committed whilst Mrs. M. was endeavoring to take the instrument from the defendant. For the defense it was claimed that the beer was on the other foot—that Mrs. Meyer struck the first blow while endeavoring to take the horn, planting a full right-hander in the eye of defendant; that she called her husband to the rescue, who knocked defendant down, and that then both fell upon him. The testimony was directly contradictory, but it was conceded that Mrs. Meyer got the worst of it, and there was evidence that Wagner shed some blood, the question as to who struck the first blow being in doubt. Mr. Selbenseil for the prosecution, and Mr. Koehler for the defense, did their duty by their clients, and the jury found a verdict of guilty. Sentence deferred.

A RECOGNIZANCE CASE.

John M. Kirkpatrick, Esq., asked that the forfeiture of the recognizance in the case of James Williams, who had committed assault and battery, be taken off. Mr. K. said that he had arranged with Col. Duff, the District Attorney, and he thought that this case against Williams would be taken up, when he (Mr. K.) would have the defendant in Court. The recognizance, to the surprise, was forfeited without such notice being given, and upon conferring with the District Attorney he had frankly admitted that he forfeited the case by neglecting to bring Williams into Court on a charge of selling liquor without license. Mr. Kirkpatrick asked whether the forfeiture, under such circumstances, was proper. If the District Attorney was ready to try the assault and battery then Mr. Duff was also ready, but in the liquor case he was not the counselor Williams. The recognizance forfeited was taken February 3d, in $1,000, conditioned for the appearance of Williams at and throughout the term "to answer such charges as might be brought against him." The law in such cases requires the notice of any charge save that for assault and battery, and as for selling liquor having been subsequently sought, Mr. Kirkpatrick contended that the forfeiture was improper. He appealed to Col. Duff to take up the assault and battery case, and allow the liquor case to be taken off. Colonel Duff declined so doing—he had forfeited the recognizance for the reason that its terms were not complied with. He had not seen or consulted with Williams in Court, his presence was desired, and the officers had been unable to find him, and he could not be accused of them. The Court declined interfering in the matter. Mr. Kirkpatrick subsequently called attention to the fact that the recognizance had been sued upon. He exhibited considerable feeling at what he deemed a lack of courtesy, the District Attorney saying the recognizance as a matter of bringing Williams into Court to answer a charge of which his bondsman had no notice.

MOTION TO QUASH.

B. F. Lucas, Esq., stated to the Court that an indictment had been found against Henry Forbes and Wm. Hufford for the larceny of sixteen sticks of timber, the property of the Allegheny Valley Railroad. The case had been fixed for trial yesterday, and witnesses for the defense had been brought from Clarion and Jefferson counties. Upon conferring with the District Attorney he stated that the case would be taken up after recess. Mr. L. said that he had examined the file and found that the indictment had been returned to the Grand Jury, without any disposition having been made of it. He therefore moved, and the Court so ordered and directed, that the indictment be quashed. The bill was returned, in a mutilated shape, having been torn to pieces, with the exception of a small piece containing that the defendants in addition to the larceny of the timber, were accused of taking cables, which, however, belonged to different parties. M. Lucas moved to quash the new bill which had been found, for the following reasons: 1st. For the timber charged in this indictment to have been stolen, a bill of the indictment was found by the Grand Jury on the 4th instant, to No. 60 of the present session, which indictment has never been quashed or disposed of in any manner, but is still pending in this court. 2nd. The charge of the larceny of the cables mentioned in the said indictment was made for the first time before the Grand Jury without any previous information, arrest or preliminary hearing. The reasons were placed on file, and the motion will be argued in a day or two.

LARCENY OF WHITEWASH BRUSHES.

George Hoffenbeck, a miner, was tried for the larceny of four dozen whitewash brushes, the property of August Wineman, of Allegheny. The brushes were proved to have been in the possession of the defendant, and it was also shown that he had sold some of them. To the police officers who arrested him he stated that he was with the boys who stole them, but that he took no part. For the defense it was claimed that defendant was not the company with those who took the brushes, and evidence was offered to show that on the night of the larceny he was at his brother's house and could not have been with them. It was further contended that although the defendant might be (as was admitted) guilty of another offense, that of receiving goods knowing them to have been stolen, he could not be convicted under the indictment charging him with larceny. V. rdict not guilty.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

The next case tried was that of the Commonwealth vs. Robert Kelly, indicted for assault and battery, on oath of Arthur Donnelly, committed at Moran's tavern, in the Diamond. On trial at adjournment.

Trial Lists for Tuesday.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

74. Wm. Anderson vs. John O'Neil.
81. Robert Lowry vs. John Brown.
14. Alex. C. Lohr vs. Wm. Curry.
18. John McMahon vs. Fort Pitt Coal Company.
25. Elizabeth Magraw vs. Patrick McDermott & Administrators.
24. J. E. Gaidenberg vs. Morond Stroup.
25. F. J. Aschelman vs. John Schitz.
17 Borough of Manchester vs. Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Company.
28. J. W. Charlton & Company vs. Dr. W. R. Thorn.

DISTRICT COURT.

121. McKee & Bro., vs. Allegheny Insurance Company.
131. Alexander and Thomas Jones vs. Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Columbus Railroad Company.
130. Executors of A. Patterson vs. W. J. Madeira et ux.
133. Long, Miller & Company vs. Standard Petroleum Refining Company.
146. Samuel Gormley, executor of William M. Edgar vs. James A. Hutchison, executor of Wm. Wilkins.
151. Elizabeth Anderson vs. South Pittsburgh Borough.
152. W. A. McClurg vs. Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company.
105. Henry Bowers vs. N. J. Bigley.

Common Pleas Court.

Before Hon. E. H. Stowe.

Thomas R. Hamilton and Spencer & Garrard vs. The Irving Insurance Company. This case, before mentioned, was resumed on Monday morning, and went to the jury. No verdict.

In the plaintiffs vs. The Metropolitan Insurance Company. The action is the same as in former case, to recover on a policy of insurance for the sum of $500. On trial.

Sewickley Township Elections.

The Republican ticket was elected in Sewickley township as follows:

Justice of the Peace.—John Way, Jr.
School Directors.—William Nealy, S. Baer.
Supervisors.—Elias Reno, Samuel Neely.
Assessor.—J. W. Scott.
Assistant Assessors.—Michael Morlatt, J. W. Logan.
Auditor.—Geo. McHattid.
Town Clerk.—D. S. Shields.
Judge of Elections.—Jacob Boobyer.
Inspectors of Elections.—Harmer Neely, Wm. Seaman.
Constable.—Geo. Gibbs.

Petroleum Price Current.

We are indebted to Smith & Content for the following:

TITUSVILLE, Pa., March 16, 1867.

EDITORS. PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—The following are quotations for ordinary gravities of Crude Oil delivered on tank cars at the points designated, for the past week: Petroleum Centre, $1.40@1.70; Boyd, $1.40@1.70; Pioneer, $1.30@1.55; Shaffer, $1.65@1.75, Miller, $1.50@1.75; Titusville, $1.70@2.00. Low gravities, say 45 degrees and under, have commanded an advance on the above rates of 20@40c per barrel. The market has been quite active for the last three days, in consequence of a large demand for Oil—city and Pittsburgh account, the creek being in good boating condition. The first named are buying mainly to fill tankage, the latter doubtless for speculative purposes. We have no confidence in a permanent advance, and feel inclined to believe that prices must go yet lower on the Creek. The shipments for the week, via Oil Creek Railroad, have amounted to 20,928 barrels, say: To New York, 14,025 barrels; Cleveland, 1,993 barrels; other points, 4,310 bbls. The estimated daily production of Oil in Western Pennsylvania is now about 9,000 barrels, and increasing.

All about a Dog.—Yesterday after-noon, J. McKinney made information before Mayor McCarthy, charging John Apple, Matthew Gorman, and Patrick Mathews with assault and battery with intent to kill. Kinney states that he had a dog which had followed him home from Manchester. A day or two ago the dog disappeared, and he next saw him with the three men mentioned at Saw Mill Run. He called his dog, which came to him when the three a tacked him, beating him severely, and one hitting him over the head with a shovel. Apple is storekeeper. The others are teamsters. Warrants were issued, and the defendants held to bail for a hearing this afternoon at three o'clock.

District Court.—This Court met yesterday, Judge Hampton on the bench, but not being able to get up a case, adjourned till to-day at ten o'clock A. M.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.—March 11—6 cars meal, Nimick & co; 10 bbls flour, Jas Learmont & co; 100 lbs do, owner; 100 do do, E H Myers & co; 100 do do, Blair & Woods; 100 do do, C B Leech; 3 kegs tobacco, Peter & Ayres & co; 7 cars leaves, Hays & Robertson; 1 dozen, Graff, Byers & co; 1 car millfeed, J & W Fairley; 5 bags seed, 10 bbls apples, Voigt & Bro; 82 do do, owner; Harper, Gilmore & co; 10 bbls flour Graham & Thomas; 1 car oats, Schneelbach & Schott; 1 do do, Wm Bingham; 1 car iron, Anderson, Cook & co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.—March 16. —2 cars hay, H Riddle, 1 bbl butter, Hahn & Hadley; 40 sacks oats, Wm Bingham; 1 car do, Nimick & co; 30 sks feed, Vickers & Robb; 25 sks rye, 20 do oats, 5 bbls eggs, A Dodds; 18 sacks dried apples, Wm Miller; 46 sks oats, Adams & Austin; 35 do rye, J Schwalin; 2 bxs butter, L J Blanchard; 2 bbls eggs, S Cooper.

ALLSHENY STATION, March 18.—100 bbls flour, G Smith, 238 bdls hides, A & J Grotzinger & Son; 3 pkgs eggs, 1 do butter, H A Carson; 30 sks potatoes, 3 do Draw; 22 bbls apples, Sam Dyer; 2 bbls onions, Jas O'Hanlon; 1 car barley, Smith & co; 1 car wheat, Kennedy & Bro, 1 car immer, McCurdy & McGinnis.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, March 18.—Dispatch Line, 20 pkgs mdse, Bollman; 18 sks wool, Wm Barker jr; 23 bdls chairs, Myers, Hopper & co; 50 whisky barrels, J S Finch; 100 bbls cement, P F Gormley; 82 pkgs, D Ewart & co; 88 bdls hoop iron, S M Wickersham.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R.R, March 18.—2 bbls wool, Graff, Byers & co; 2 bbls, D B Moore; 2 cars bones, A Hooveler; 181 sks oats, W D Patterson; 100 bbls flour, owner; 3 bdls tobacco, Weyman & Brother; 1 do, J W Taylor; 480 bushels M Delange; 4 bdls pelts, G N Hoffstott; lot furniture, J Spiane.

LEGAL.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters of testament are upon the Estate of ARTHUR BURNS, late of Findley township, Allegheny county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against said estate are notified to present them properly authenticated for settlement

A. H. BURNS, Executor
Findley township, P. O., Allegheny Co., Pa.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters of Administration on the estate of CARON REYERS, late of Pittsburgh, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against said estate will present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment and those having claims against said estate are notified to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

RACHEL MEYERS, Adm'x.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of ROBERT S. CASLEY, late of Pittsburgh, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims will present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment to

THOMAS CASLEY,
No. 2 Street Bridge, in Pittsburgh.
mh14 w2t* JAMES DUNCAN.

CHAS. B. DARR. HER. TH. KNAKE. WM. BUETTLER.

DARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & DARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and ILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. 4:7:66

WALL PAPERS,

GOLD EMBOSSED PARLOR PAPER; WOOD AND MARBLE IRIDATION PANEL PAPERS; TINTED SATIN GILT PAPERS, for Parlors and Ceilings.

In New Designs, at

NO. 107 MARKET STREET.

(Near Fifth Street.)

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

mh9

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE

COAL MEN'S TRUST COMPANY,

are hereby notified that the Office of the Company has been

Moved to No. 26 Narket Street,

where all business connected with the institution will be transacted.

W. J. PATTERSON,
mar2:6t2-8TH Secretary and Treasurer.

C. C. ALGEO,

DEALER IN

Fine Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds

SILVER WARE,

AND

French Clocks, &c.

Special attention given to the REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES.

No. 22 Fifth Street.

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS, Northwest Corner of Wes Common, ALLEGHENY.

FIELD'S ALEXATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice HEARTH AND HEARTH STONES, FLAGS FOR SIDE-WALKS, BREWERY VAULTS, &c., HEADS AND TOP STONES, &c., &c.

Orders promptly executed. PRICES REASONABLE. mh11-6m

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

Anchor Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of

ANCHOR (A) SHEETINGS,
ANCHOR (B) SHEETINGS,
ANCHOR (C) SHEETINGS,
AND BATTINGS,

mw16:29

$25,000 TO LOAN

ON MORTGAGES.

In sums of $500 and upwards

Real Estate bought and sold

GEORGE M. PETTY,
Real Estate Agent, No. 18 St. Clair st.
jn20

PIANOS! PIANOS!!—An entire new stock of KNABE & CO.'S PIANOS, which are now considered the best made; also HAINES BROS. CELEBRATED PIANOS. Price from $300 upward. Persons in want of a first class Piano before purchasing elsewhere are invited to call and examine

CHARLOTTE BLUME,
4:71 54 Fifth street.

WHITE LEADS.

Pure "A. H. N. & Co." Brand White Lead
" "Parazon" do do
" "Corinthian" do do
" "Optimetic" do do
Blue Leads, for Oil Refiners;
Red Lead and Litharge;
Colors dry and in oil;

For sale at
No. 6 WOOD STREET,
for A. W. GUMBERT and Market Sts.

EXPRESS WAGON;
1 LIGHT SPRING WAGONS;
2 COAL WAGONS;
4 CARTS;
30 WHEELBARROWS;
For sale at DUQUESNE WORK WORKS.
OLESON, FORRESTER & CO.,
Marion Avenue, near the Penitentiary,
mh11 Allegheny City, Pa.

CLOVER SEED.—75 Bush Is of prime Clover Seed received this day, and for sale by
FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
mh11 corner Market and First Sts.

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, Without charge.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.
mh14 2t

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, March 18, 1867.

The following are the New York stock quotations for to-day: Gold, 134½; 1881 bonds, 109½; Five Twenties, old, 109½; Five Twenties, '65, 107½; do new, 106⅞; Seven Thirties, 105⅝. Michigan Southern Railroad, 76; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 82½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 96¾; Erie, 39; Chicago and Northwestern, 35¾; do preferred, 67¾; New York Central, 109½; Chicago and Rock Island, 96¾; Gregory, 13; Quartz Hill, 35; Smith & Parmlee, 6¼.

The following statement exhibits the business of the Pittsburgh Clearing House for the week closing on Saturday, March 16th:

	Exchanges.	Balances
March 11	$379,491 37	$78,502 47
March 12	305,593 63	78,747 06
March 13	309,965 63	74,294 51
March 14	259,949 85	50,468 26
March 15	278,148 36	57,028 39
March 16	276,274 64	63,761 56
Total	$1,749,313 53	$403,170 25

—Mr. Robert Means, of Steubenville, has recently been to California on a speculative trip. He purchased, while there, a large amount of wheat at about one dollar per bushel in gold, had it ground up into flour and shipped twenty thousand barrels to New York by steamer. Freights, including transportation across the Isthmus, were of course high, but notwithstanding, we hear that he made a very fair profit, having sold out at about an average of $14,50 per barrel. The flour was of an excellent quality, being made from a fine article of white wheat, some specimens of which he brought home with him. He thinks Ca fornia is destined to become an important adjunct to our national resources in the way of flour.

—The Wheeling *Intelligencer*, of Saturday, says: There is no truth in the *Register's* statement that 500,000 kegs of nails were ordered from this city on Thursday. Six thousand kegs of Boston nails crossed the river at Benwood yesterday, carried by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at 6oper keg, from Boston to Cincinnati.

—Says the Chicago *Tribune*, of Saturday: The speculative mania for operating in Lard, Salt Pork and Provisions, which has been developed within the past two or three days has largely increased the volume of fresh paper offering for discount. The movement the banks are very reluctant to foster, and no paper, unless short-dated and backed by unlooubted collaterals, finds favor. The feverish excitement prevails in several points; the want of a settled policy on the part of the Treasury Department, and the close connection which exists between the Government finances are managed, tend to make bankers as well as other capitalists exceedingly cautious, and there is no inclination to extend short-date lines to aid the present speculative "spurt," which has taken hold of the prominent articles of produce. For long lines money can be had comfortably may at 10 per cent. In the open market money is plenty at 12@15 per month for good outside signatures.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, March 18, 1867.

Monday is usually a dull day in commercial circles, and to-day has been no exception to the general rule. The operations in produce generally were light, in the aggregate, and of an unimportant character, while, so far as values are concerned, there are no material changes.

BREADSTUFFS.—Demand and in light supply, but the demand is limited—no sales reported. Oats in demand at 50, on wharf and track, and 53 to 55, for small lots. Sale of 1,000 bush prime to choice Barley at 77; 500 bushs Ear at 70, delivered, and 100 bushs prime do at 74. Rye is in demand at $1.40, and Barley as wanted, and No. 1 Spring sells readily at $1.

—Since the above was put in type we have the following additional sales of grain: 2 cars choice No. 1 Spring Wheat, in elevator, at $2.35, and 2 cars shelled Corn at 74½.

FLOUR—There is a fair local demand, and while the market is steady prices are well sustained. We continue to quote at $12 to $12.50 for good to choice Spring Wheat family, $13.50 to $14.50 for Winter Wheat, and $16 to $17 for fancy brands. Sale of 200 bbls Spring Wheat, on track, at $12.25.

HAY—Sales of 2 cars at $28, and 1 car at —sales of Buckwheat at $1.25 to $1.50 per cwt.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is a little excited and advancing. We now quote sides at 10 to 10½ for shoulders; 11½ to 12 for Ribbed Sides; and 13½ to 14 for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is held firmly at 13. Mess Pork, $22,50 to $23.

BUTTER—Is in fair demand, and firm but unchanged. Sales of 15 pkgs common to fair at 20 to 28, and 5 bbls prime at 30 to 32 —choice Roll may be quoted at 33@34.

EGGS—Is fair demand and steady but unchanged—sales of fresh packed at 22.

HAY—Prime baled is in demand, and may be quoted at $23 to $24, on wharf and track —sales of 1 car fair at $21.

GREEN APPLES—Quiet, but steady with regular sales at $5 to $6 for fair to prime—$6 to $7 for choice.

POTATOES—Dull but unchanged—may be quoted at $2,50 to $2,75 per barrel—sales of 500 bushels of Peach Blows reported at 75.

SEEDS—Cloverseed is steady with sales in small lots at $8,75 to $9, and Timothy at $3 to $5, and $2,25 for Flax.

MAPLE SYRUP—Sales of gallon jugs at $1,75 to $2.

OIL—Lard Oil is quoted by manufacturers at 90 for No. 2, and $1,07 to $1,08 for No. 1.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, March 18, 1867.

CRUDE—The market for Crude was fairly active to-day, the sales in the aggregate, reaching between eight and nine thousand barrels, and to which the prices for future delivery, are a fraction higher; sales of 240 bbls, on the spot, at 6; 140 do at 11½; packages included; 1000, to arrive, at 6¾; 1000 at 6¾; 1500 at 6¾; 3500 at 6⅞, and 2000 to be delivered between April and May, at seller's option, at 6¾. From the above, it will be seen that quotations may be fairly given at 6 to 6¾, according to the time of delivery—11 to 11½, packages included. The demand for barreled oil is, and has been all season, light, and it is equally true that large quantities of the latter are kept out of the market. No late advices from Oil City—last quotations, $2 to $2.10.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was a little more active here to-day, notwithstanding the eastern advices are reported unfavorable. We can report sales of 1000 for April, 1000 for May, 500 for June, and 500 for July, prime light to straw, and all on private terms; 100 bbls standard white, for September, in Philadelphia, at 20; 500 for all April, buyer's option, and 90 days, and 500, 1st to 15th, same month, at 20½. For free oil the demand is very light, and prices are entirely nominal—small sales standard brands at 60.

ARRIVALS.—The following arrivals of oil were reported to-day:

Fisher & Bro..... 300 | Fawcett & Bro.. 180
Jas. Wilkins..... 44 | S. B. Floyd..... 20
Total..... 544

Buffalo Cattle Market.

BUFFALO, March 18.—Large receipts of superior cattle have been received from the west. The market is active, and large sales were effected at an advance of 50c on last week's rates. Extra quality, $14@15; fat heavy oxen and steers $12,50@13; good, $11@ 14; fat cattle and steers, $7,25@8; fair, $5,50 @6; cows and heifers, $5,25@7,20. Receipts, 2,214 head; shipped, 1,920 head. The sheep market is ruling more lively and with better demand, and an advance of ½c on all grades, with receipts of nearly the average of good quality. Heavy long wooled $6,50@8; fine wooden western, $5,50@7,80. Receipts 1,200 head; shipped, 173. The hog market is very dull at present, and the business is chiefly confined to shipments. The receipts are large and principally light and ordinary grades, and are quoted at $7@ 7,40 per cwt.; prime heavy would bring from $8 to $8,25 if in the market. Receipts, 3,490 head; shipped, 2,100 head.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Cotton goods market rather quiet owing to the severe storm and the celebration of St. Patrick's day, but prices are steady and a fair enquiry for staple fabrics which are found to be low. Standard sheetings steady at 20@ 21½c; seconds at 20c. Print Cloths are held with more firmness. Woolens of desirable makes in fair request at fair prices, but low grades sell more slowly at unprofitable prices.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—Beeves advanced 1c per pound; sales of 1,100 at 17@ 18c for Extra, and 15@16c for Fair to Good and 13@14c for Common; sheep scarce and advanced; sales of 5 00 head at 8@9c; hogs advanced; sales 2 500 head at $10,50@11,50.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, March 18.—Tobacco steady and unbidding. Flour, at 11,25 @ 11,85, double day dull, 3,14 to 4,38.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,

Only Manufacturers in the West of

HEAVY CORDAGE,

suitable for Steam and Coal Boats.

HAWSER LAID OIL WELL ROPE.

Tarred Ropes for Coal Railroads,

HEMP, OAKUM AND PACKING.

CAULKING COTTON, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 114 and 115 Water Street,

Near Monongahela House.

de11:p65

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point with but little over seven and a half feet in the channel by the Allegheny marks last evening. The weather was cold but pleasant overhead, and while the snow melted pretty rapidly where exposed, it was freezing where the influence of "old Sol" was not felt.

The Importer, from St. Louis, is the only transient arrival we have to report. Since she was last here, the Importer made a trip from Cincinnati to Memphis, thence to St. Louis, and from there to Pittsburgh. The Argosy, from Cincinnati, is due here to-day, and will return again on Wednesday at noon.

The Urilda got in from Oil City and will, we learn, return to that point again this evening, although the water is getting low in the Allegheny, but twenty-two inches reported at Oil City to-day.

The Sherman, Capt. C. N. Baker, is announced to leave for St. Louis this evening, and it is probable that she will have a good cargo and full of passengers. Passengers and shippers will bear in mind that she goes without fail as above announced.

The Savana, Capt. Megowan, is announced to leave for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi to-day, without fail. The Dubuque, Capt. Parker, will at once commence loading for the same points.

The Ida Rees, Capt. Brown, is announced to leave for Cincinnati and Louisville on Wednesday, and the Hudson, Capt. Dunlap, will be the first boat out for New Orleans.

There was considerable floating ice in the Allegheny river yesterday, but it is light and scattered, and will not interfere in the least with navigation.

We have no late intelligence from the Oil Creek trade, but she met with no mishaps, she doubtless arrived at Cincinnati last night and will leave there this evening for New Orleans. We await with some anxiety to see what our down river exchanges have to say about this splendid steamer, especially, those of Louisville.

We learn that the steamer Ida Rees at No. 3 in the Monongahela river was forced off on Sunday. It was thought however, that she would get off with the rise by to-day, and boats could ascend and descend as usual.

We have already noticed the sinking of the steamer Mercury at Augusta on the 13th. The boat struck a snag and sunk to her hurricane deck. Twenty five passengers were lost. The boat was valued at $25,000. She had a large cargo of 1,400 bales cotton, besides a large assorted freight for Cairo and the Ohio river.

The Nashville *Gazette* says Mr. Pugh, in the interest of the Nashville and Decatur railroad line and company, was negotiating last night with the agents and owners of the steamers Alabama and Jennie Rhodes and others, with a view to having them transferred to Decatur, on the Tennessee, in anticipation of the railway obstruction to Chattanooga, and the natural accumulation of freights at this point.

The principal merchants of Memphis have come out in a protest, in which the fear is expressed that the city will be shorn of "one-half of its legitimate business," by St. Louis, Cincinnati and Louisville.

The Secretary of War has ordered the assembly of a commission in New York on the second Monday of April, proximo, for the purpose of examining and testing the merits of such inventions of life saving character as may be brought before them. Inventions to embrace boilers and of steam engines, self-inerusters, safety valves, steam gauges, water gages, steering apparatus. Inventors may appear in person before the commission for the purpose of explaining their inventions, but no expenses will be allowed under any circumstances.

Captain Reed, of the Columbia, has abandoned his trip to Nashville and was advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh "positive" on Monday, as we learn the Glendale left Cincinnati for St. Louis on Saturday.

We learn from the Cincinnati Commercial that a strong effort is now being made in that city to establish a line of boats to run in the Cincinnati and Tennessee river trade.

We are a little surprised as well as gratified, to find that the following, in reference to the Ohio river, is in the Louisville Courier, of last Saturday:

The steamer Great Republic leaves Pittsburgh for this port on Sunday, but will tarry a day or two at Cincinnati to greet her chimneys. The bridges along the route will be taken down, and a steamboat of the majestic proportions of the Great Republic, is compelled to doff their caps to the overruling tyrant.

We learn that the Great Republic is undoubtedly the most complete and magnificent specimen of steamboat architecture that ever left the shores of the upper Ohio, and is the pride of the Mississippi valley since the days of the great Eclipse, and like the Eclipse, she will create a sensation wherever she goes.

Captain C. W. Batchelor, of Pittsburgh is among the Great Republic's passengers for New Orleans. This gentleman has accepted the position of general superintendency of a large incorporated rolling-mill company, with a capital of $300,000. The mill will be located in Louisiana as is used in the construction of cars, switches, and other things used about railroads.

Save the Bell, Mason Bennett, of Saturday: On the 14th instant three-fourths of the steamer Ben Johnson were sold at the rate of $20,000 for the boat, as follows: Capt. P. Chouteau, one-fourth; Benjamin A Gentry, one-eighth; Peter P. Manon, one-eighth; C. H. Conrad, one-eighth, and Henrietta Dorian, one-eighth. Joshua Wartzfield has sold his one-eighth of the Viola Belle to Messrs. Effort & Petring for $5,000. Same time, Wm Fitzgerald sold his one-eighth of the steamer Virginia to Captain H. G. Carson for $10,000, the latter immediately assuming the command.

River Telegrams.

[By Merchants National Telegraph Co.]

OIL CITY, March 18.—Weather clear and cold. River about twenty-eight inches and falling slowly. There is considerable ice running yet. Oil market advanced and firm at $2,10@2,15.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, March 16th, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until

WEDNESDAY, 20th inst.,

AT 3 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

For Grading and Paving

AVERY STREET.

H. J. LANCE,
mh12:w2t Controller.

H. J. LANCE,

SILK AND WOOLEN

DYER AND SCOURER,

ALSO,

Chintz Window Curtains and Chair Covers Cleaned & Reglazed without unpacking.

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

Between Wood and Smithfield.

mv19-w27 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BROADWAY EXCHANGE

RESTAURANT,

104 CORNER FIFTH AND SMITHFIELD STS. **104**

Ladies' Dining Rooms 2d Story.

FRESH CAN OYSTERS AND GAME of all kinds on hand.

de29-w3 { G. F. VIERHELLER. Proprietors H. VIERHELLER.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM

Iron Broker,

124 First Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Lochiel, Susquehanna, Standard, Glendon, and other brands of anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. 18:1:y63

F. MUSSMANN,

Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets.

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the very lowest prices. Repairing done in a superior manner. 1:1:66

T. M. BLACK,

CARPENTER.

Virgin Alley,

Three doors above Smithfield Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Every kind of Work done on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. Particular attention paid to Jobbing. 1a14:6m4

WETTACH & MEASON,

SUCCESSORS TO CHESSMAN & CLARK,

Manufacturers of

OAK LEATHER BELTING.

No. 11 Ohio street, Allegheny City.

Also full assortment of Belting at 89 H. ANDERSON'S, No. 189 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa. GEO. O. CLARK, Supt. of Works.

de6:17

DRIED FRUITS.

40 bbls choice half Peaches;
20 do quarters do;
15 do sliced do;
150 bushels good Dry Apples;
90 do prime do;

Just received on consignation and for sale low to the trade.

SCHOMAKER & LANG.
17 and 19 Wood street.

20 BBLS. CHIP RUSTIC received and for sale by
GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.
Wholesale Druggists, 97 Wood street.
ja31

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.—Just received
400 boxes, 40 lb., Pearl starch;
100 do do, Corn do;
100 do do, Gloss do;
For sale low to the trade by the agents,
SCHOMAKER & LANG.
oct1-m30

BELTING! BELTING!—Leath-er and Gum Belting; also, Hemp Packing, Hose Gaskets, &c., of the best quality and at reduced prices. The best quality of Lacing always on hand at the India Rubber Depot, No. 72 and 74 St. Clair street.
mh14 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RAMALEY

Has Just Opened

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE

SPRING CLOTHING,

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Embracing all the

NEW STYLES IN THE MARKET,

Which will be offered at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES from last season

Fine Spring Overcoats,	at Low as	$10.00
" Cassimere Basin ss Suits	" " "	$15.00
" Cloth Dress Suits	" " "	$25.00

Paper Collars at Cost.

336 LIBERTY STREET.

Opposite Wayne, one door above his Hat and Shoe House. mh15:w7

RAMALEY

HAS JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEW STYLES

OF

HATS AND CAPS,

For SPRING, and will sell at

20 Per Cent, Less Than Down Town Prices.

We sell our BEST SILK and CASSIMERE HATS at **ONE DOLLAR LOWER** than any other House in the City.

Call and Be Convinced.

334 Liberty Street.

FIRST DOOR BELOW 8TH

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

mh12:w2t

JAMES E. STRICKLER.....C. H. MORLEDGE.

IRON CITY SPICE MILLS,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

Near Pennsylvania Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PURE SPICES AND MUSTARD

Warranted when our name is on the Article.

FRESH GROUND CORNMEAL and RYE FLOUR constantly on hand.

COFFEE AND GROUND NUTS ROASTED promptly.

Will also continue the manufacture of all the

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPICES,

Which we offer to Wholesale and Retail Dealers at the lowest market